

Ministère de l'Enseignement Supérieur et de la Recherche Scientifique
Université de Jijel
Faculté des Sciences exactes et de l'informatique
Département d'informatique



– Module –

Environnements et Programmation Dédiés

Master 1 : IA

Enseignant du module : Dr. Hemza FICEL

Contact: hemza.ficel@univ-jijel.dz

TP REST API

Tools

Eclipse IDE : an integrated development environment.

Apache Maven : an open source build tool for project management that automates Java projects.

Eclipse Jersey : an open source framework for developing RESTful Web Services in Java.

Apache Tomcat : an open source application server.

Postman : an application for testing APIs;

Part 1

Tools

IDE Eclipse

<https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/>

The Eclipse Installer 2022-09 R now includes a JRE for macOS, Windows and Linux.



Get **Eclipse IDE 2022-09**

Install your favorite desktop IDE packages.

[Download x86_64](#)

[Download Packages](#) | [Need Help?](#)

Tools

The screenshot shows the 'eclipseinstaller' page by Oomph, which lists several Eclipse IDE variants:

- Eclipse IDE for Java Developers**: The essential tools for any Java developer, including a Java IDE, a Git client, XML Editor, Maven and Gradle integration.
- Eclipse IDE for Enterprise Java and Web Developers**: Tools for developers working with Java and Web applications, including a Java IDE, tools for JavaScript, TypeScript, JavaServer Pages and Faces, Yaml, Markdown, Web Services, JPA and Data Tools, Maven and Gradle, Git, and more.
- Eclipse IDE for C/C++ Developers**: An IDE for C/C++ developers.
- Eclipse IDE for Embedded C/C++ Developers**: An IDE for Embedded C/C++ developers. It includes managed cross build plug-ins (Arm and RISC-V) and debug plug-ins (SEGGER J-Link, OpenOCD, pyocd, and QEMU), plus a number of templates to create ready to run blinky projects.

Tools

eclipseinstaller by Oomph

Eclipse IDE for Enterprise Java and Web Developers [details](#)

Tools for developers working with Java and Web applications, including a Java IDE, tools for JavaScript, TypeScript, JavaServer Pages and Faces, Yaml, Markdown, Web Services, JPA and Data Tools, Maven and Gradle, Git, and more.

Java 17+ VM JRE 17.0.5 - <https://download.eclipse.org/justj/jres/17/updates/release/latest>

Installation Folder C:\Users\asus\eclipse\jee-2022-092

create start menu entry

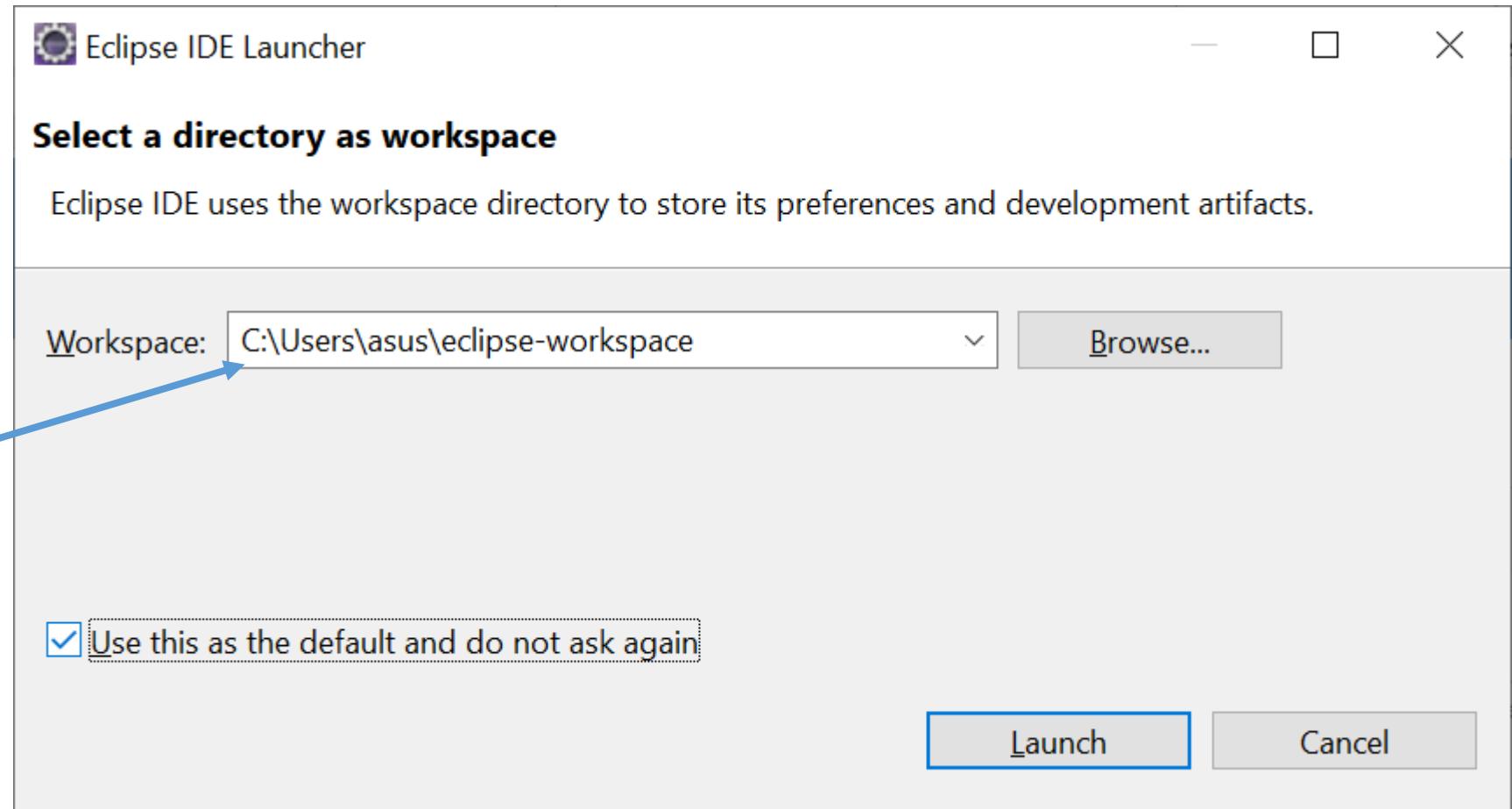
create desktop shortcut

INSTALL

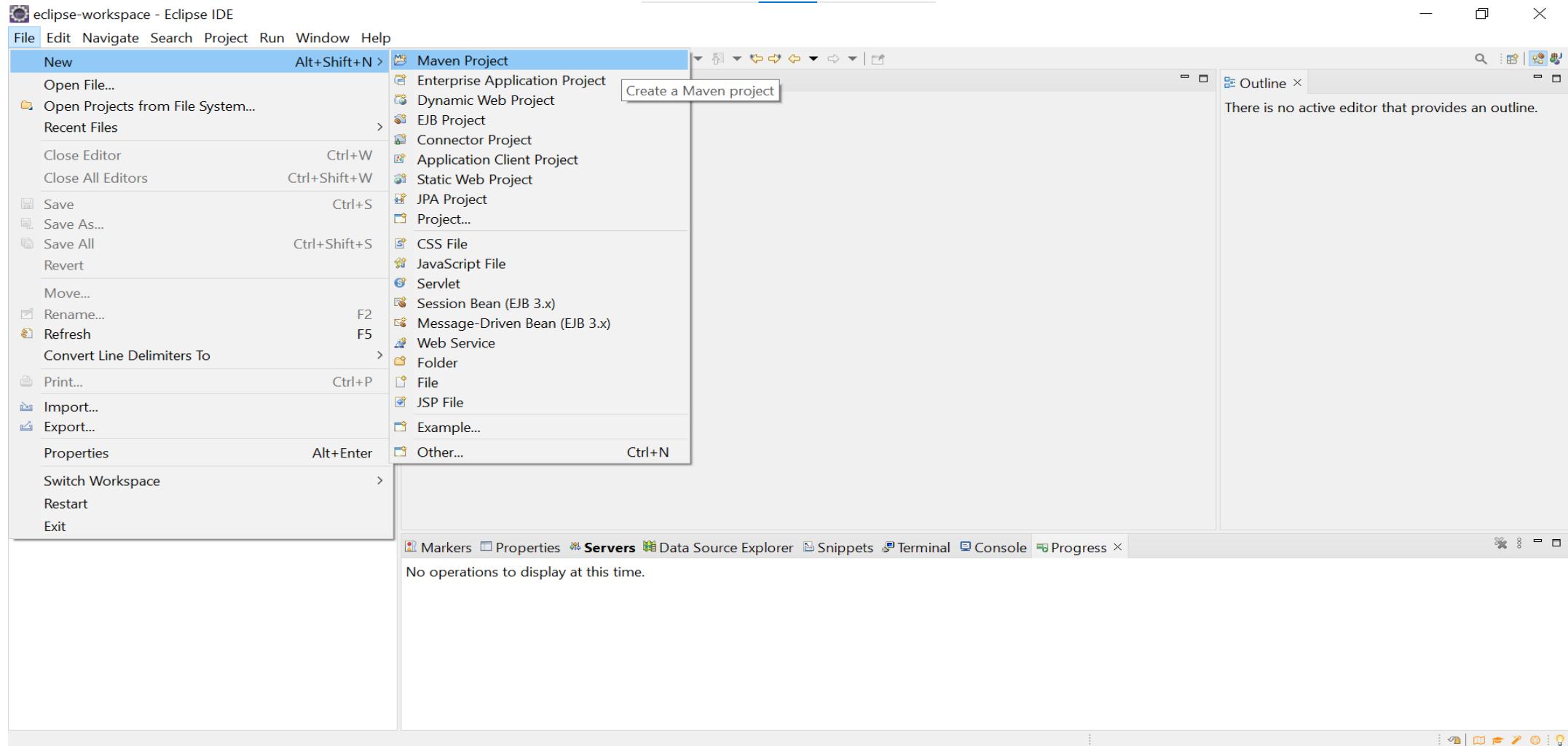
< BACK

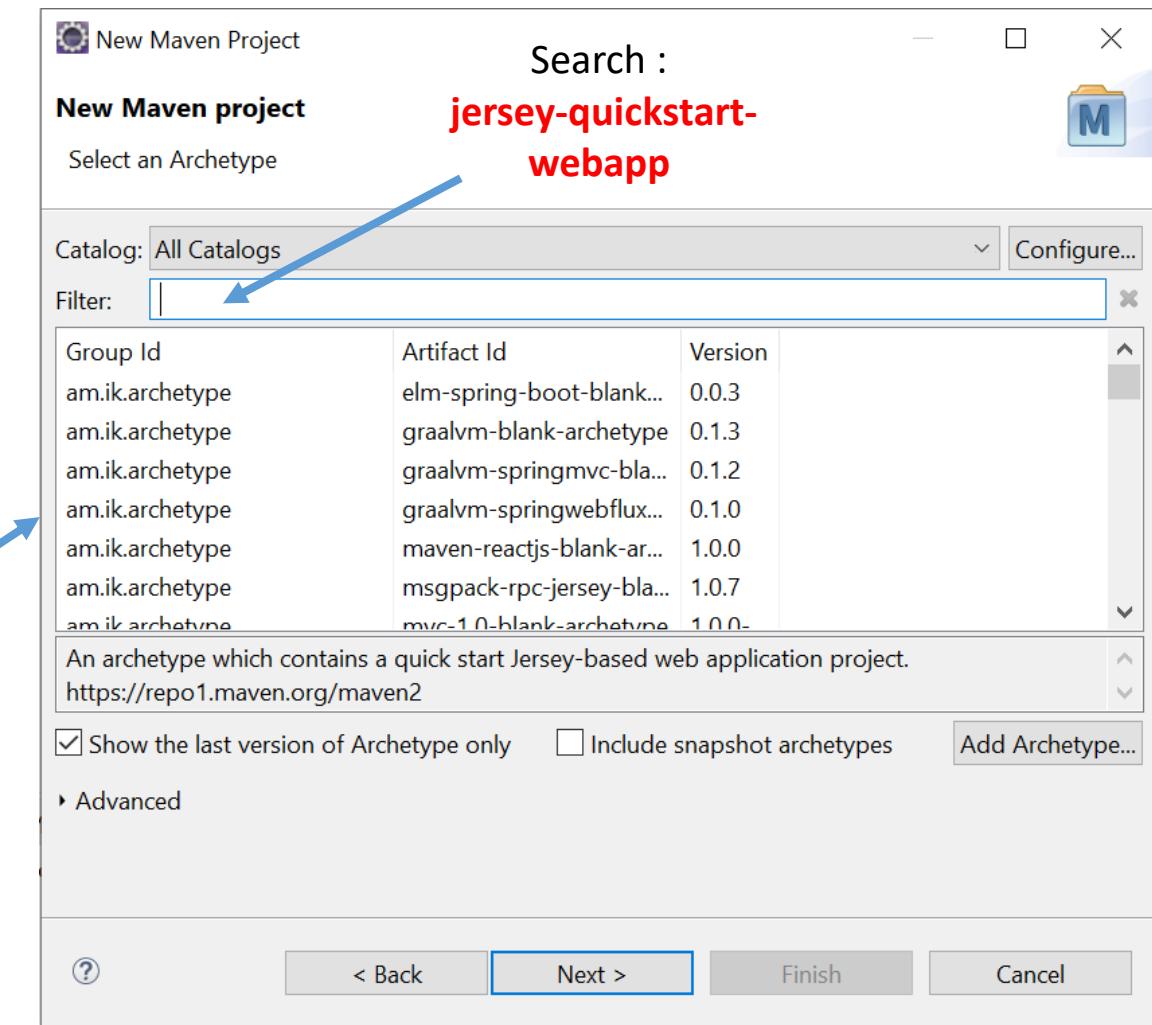
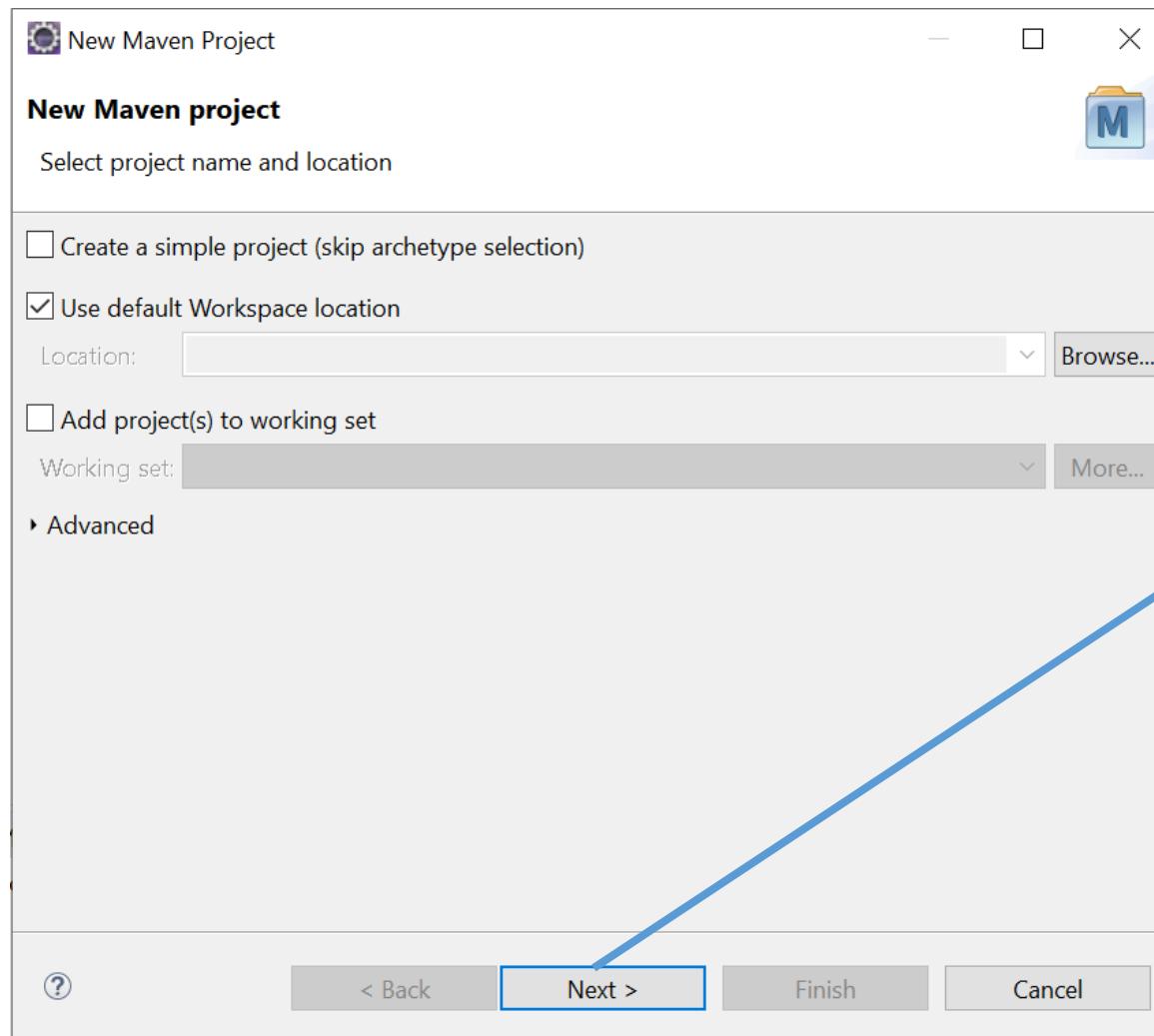
Launch the application

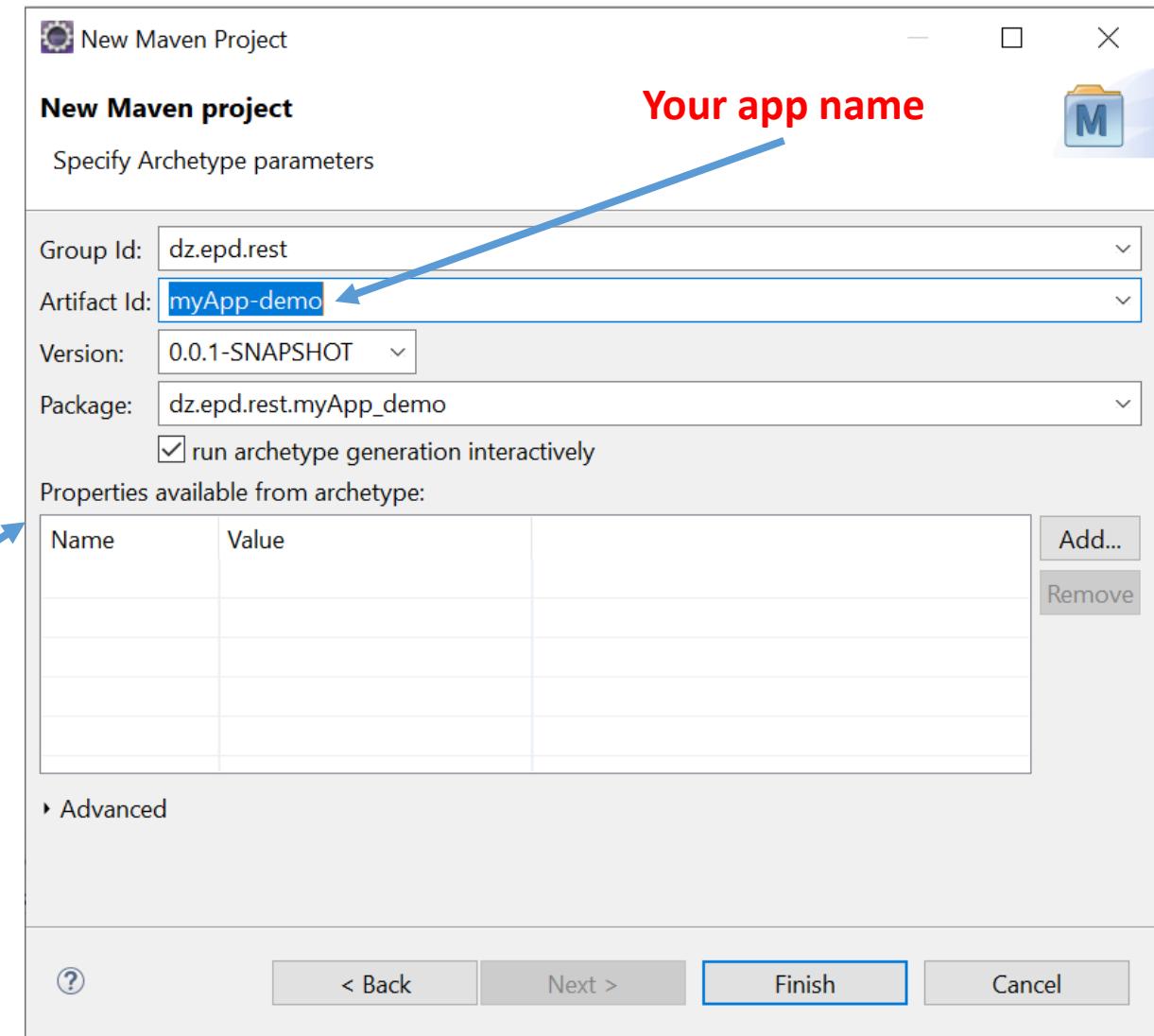
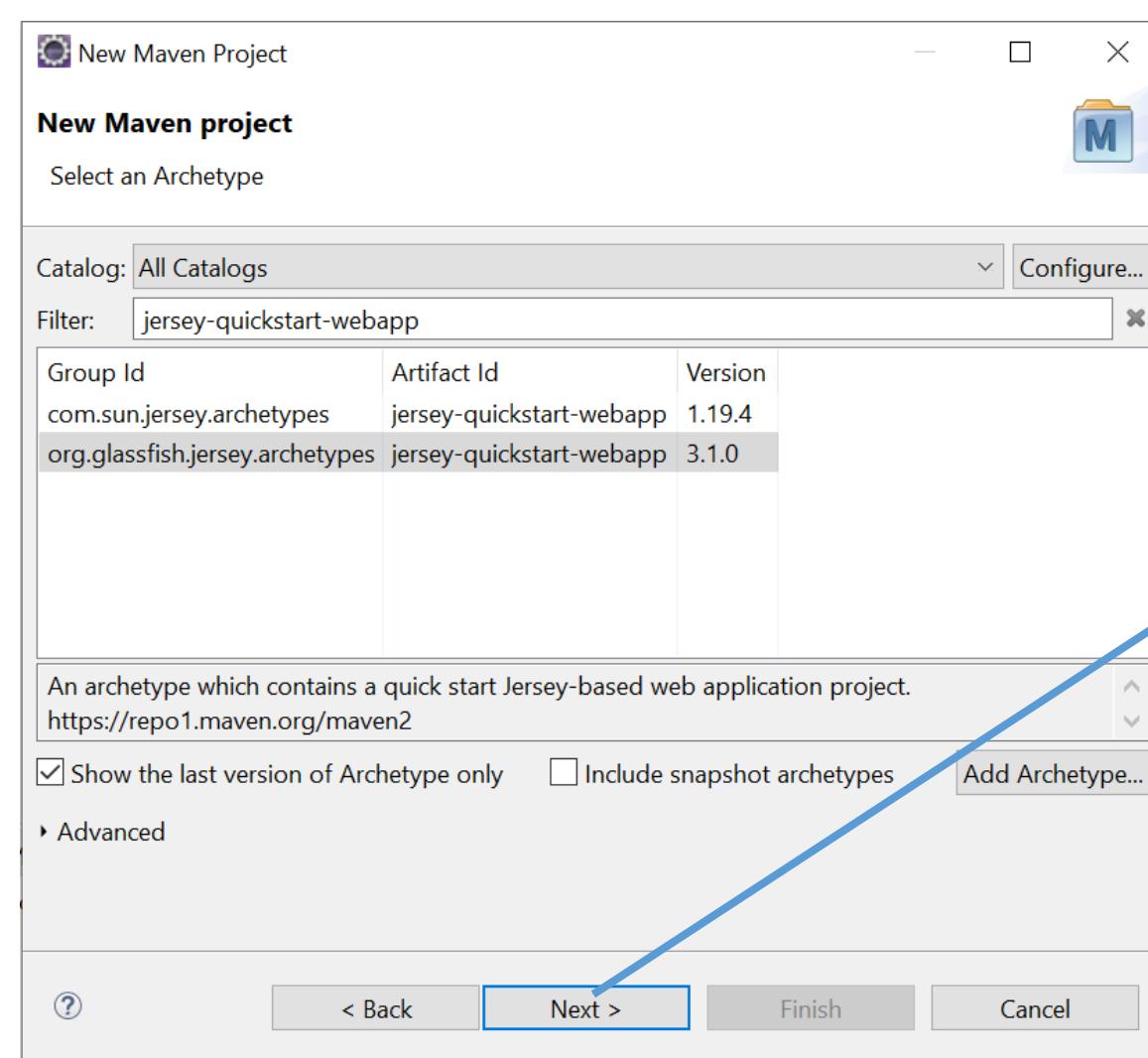
Folder to store
your projects

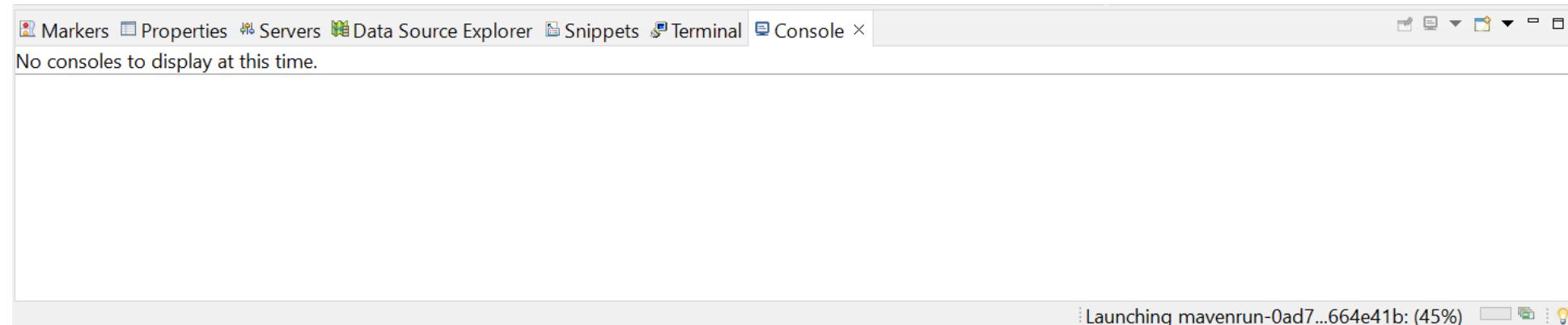


**Let's create a simple REST web
service**

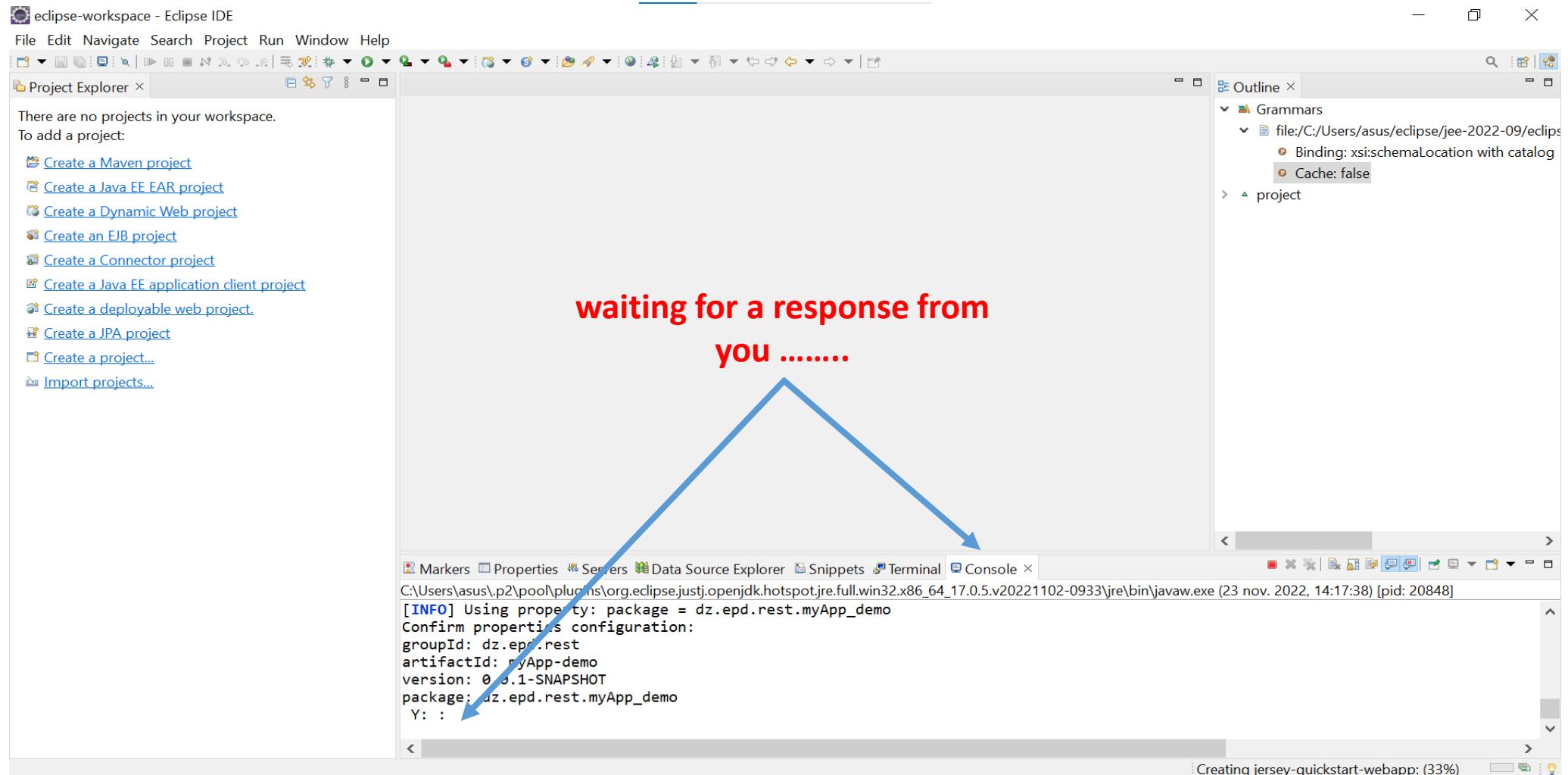






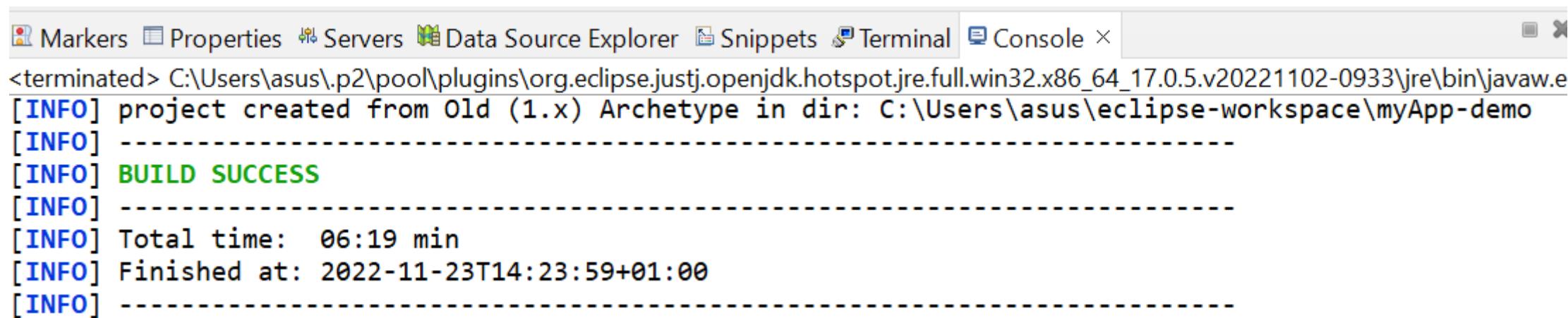


Loading



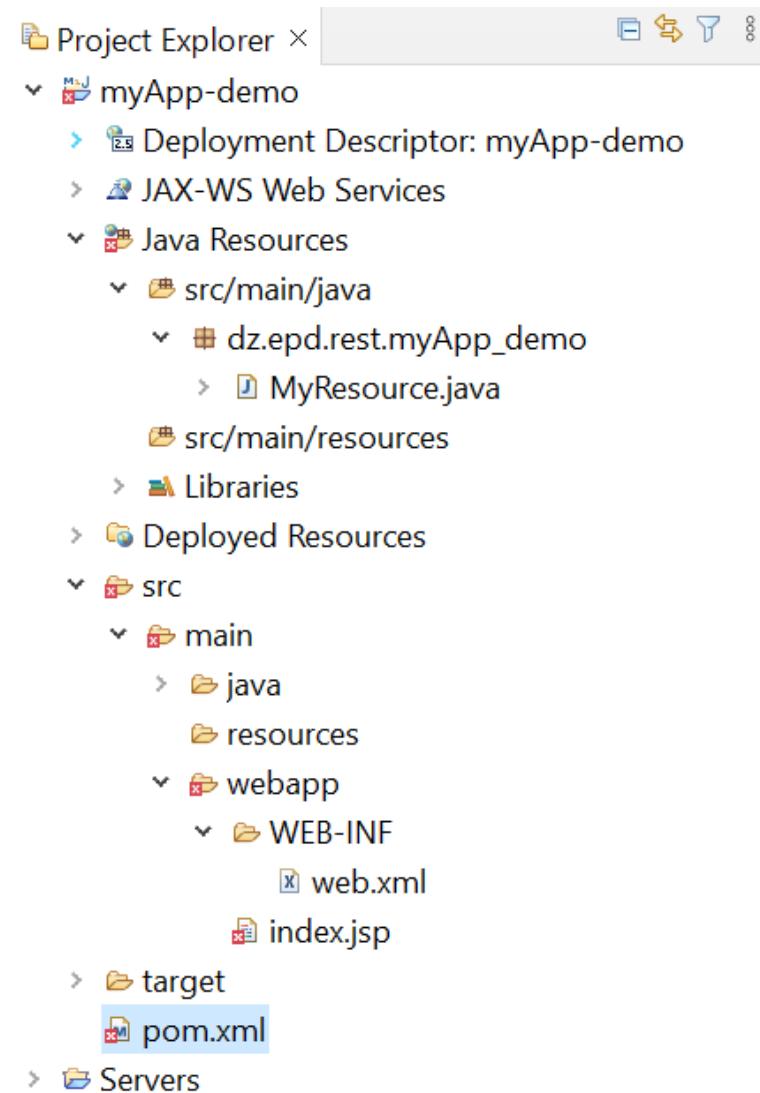
```
C:\Users\asus\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_6
[INFO] Using property: package = dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo
Confirm properties configuration:
groupId: dz.epd.rest
artifactId: myApp-demo
version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
package: dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo
Y: : y
```

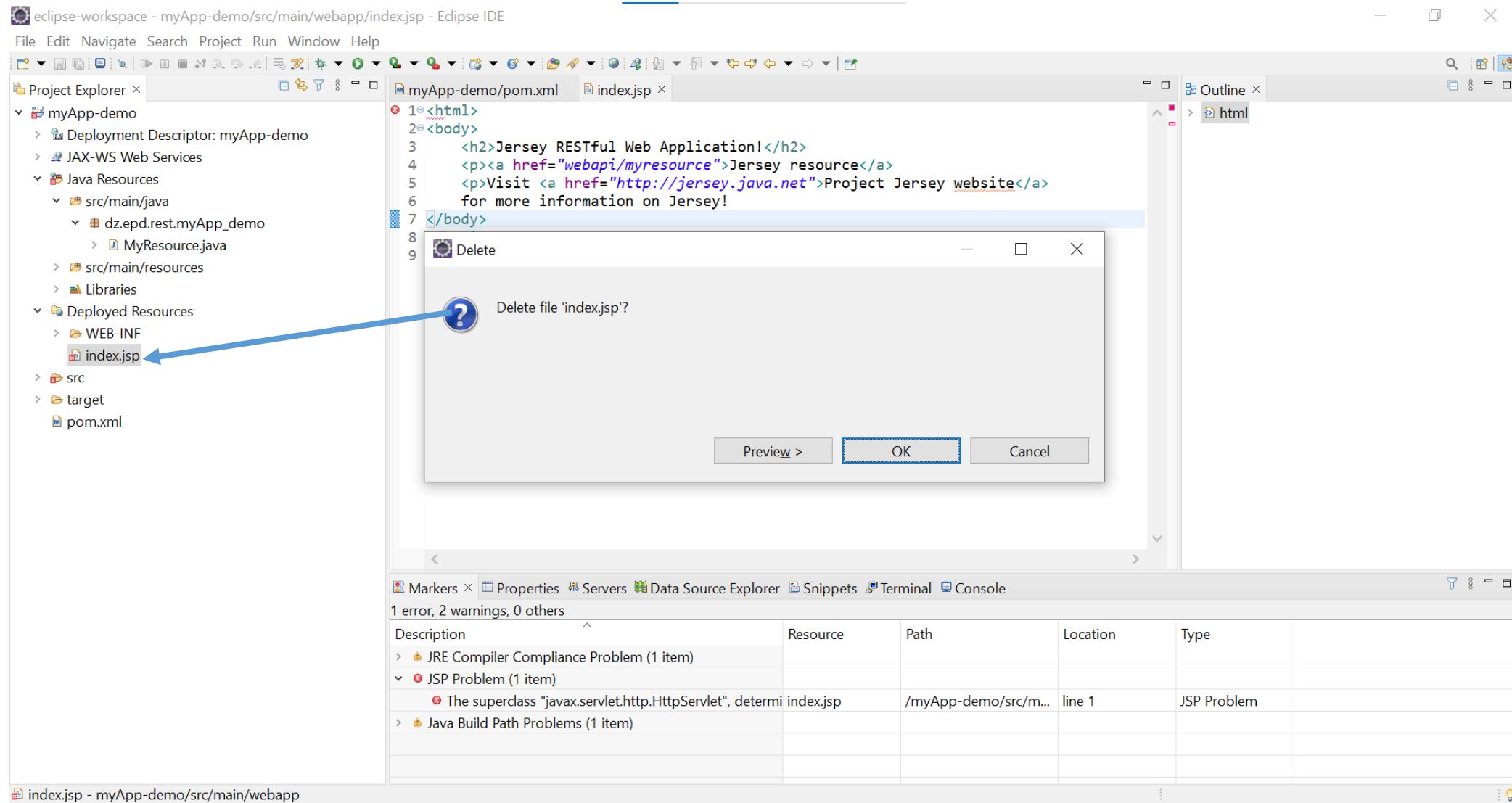
to complete the process type : "y" + 

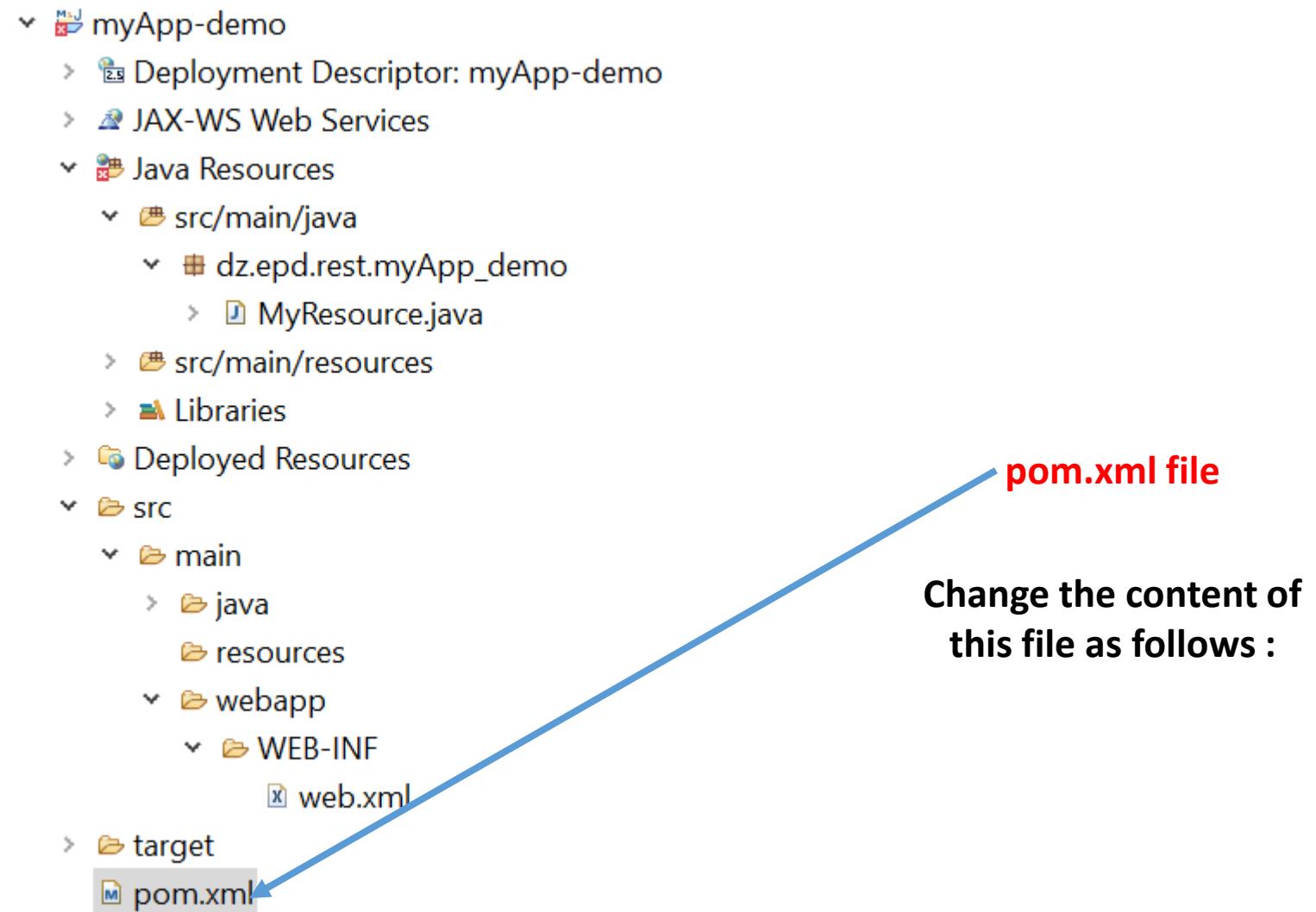


The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE's Console view with the following log output:

```
<terminated> C:\Users\asus\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_17.0.5.v20221102-0933\jre\bin\javaw.e
[INFO] project created from Old (1.x) Archetype in dir: C:\Users\asus\eclipse-workspace\myApp-demo
[INFO] -----
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO] -----
[INFO] Total time: 06:19 min
[INFO] Finished at: 2022-11-23T14:23:59+01:00
[INFO] -----
```







```
<plugin>
  <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
  <artifactId>maven-war-plugin</artifactId>
  <version>3.3.1</version>
</plugin>
```

```
myApp-demo/pom.xml ×
7   <artifactId>myApp-demo</artifactId>
8   <packaging>war</packaging>
9   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
10  <name>myApp-demo</name>
11
12 <build>
13   <finalName>myApp-demo</finalName>
14   <plugins>
15     <plugin>
16       <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
17       <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
18       <version>3.8.1</version>
19       <inherited>true</inherited>
20       <configuration>
21         <source>1.8</source>
22         <target>1.8</target>
23       </configuration>
24     </plugin>
25   </plugins>
26 </build>
27
```

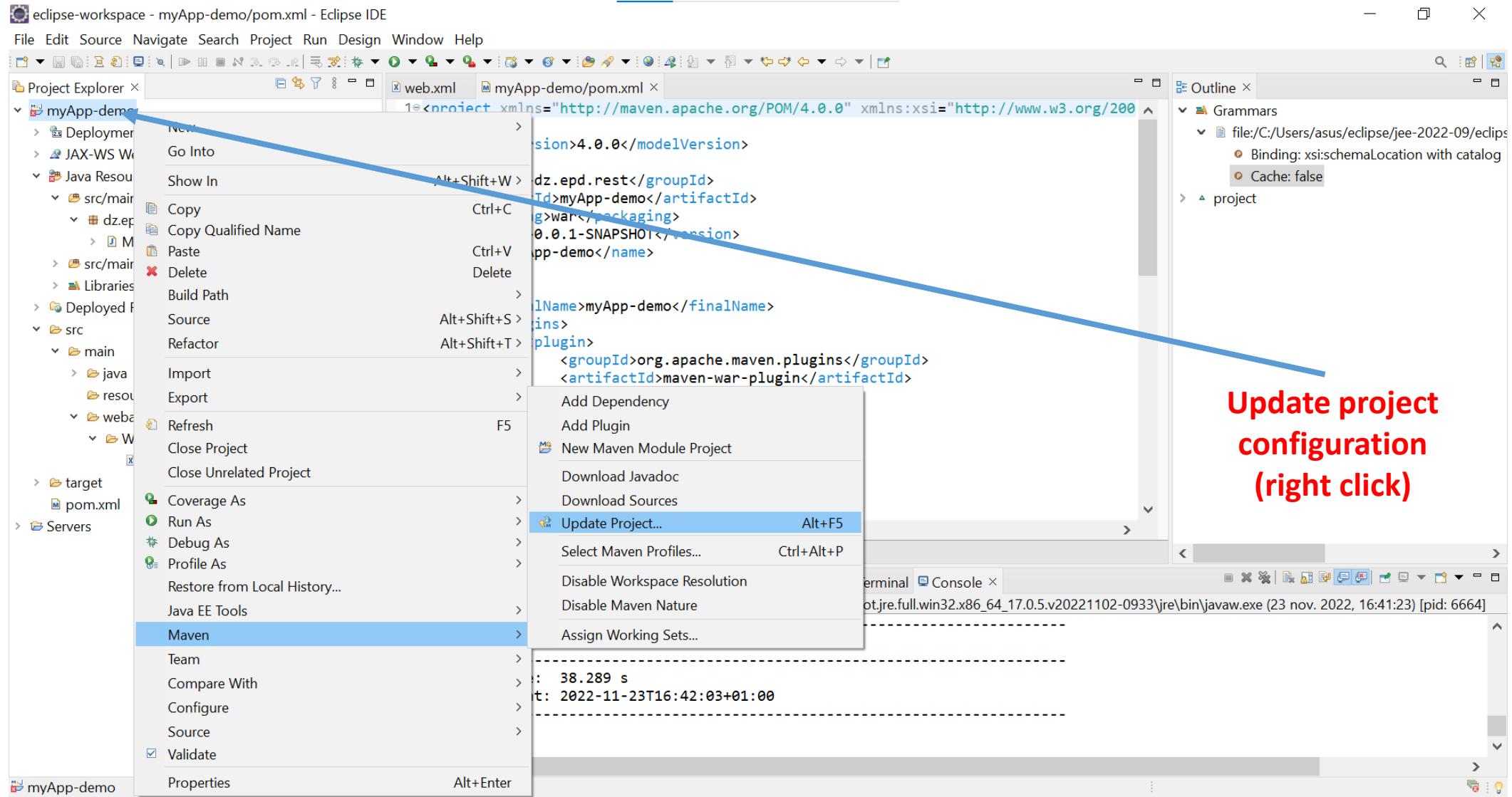


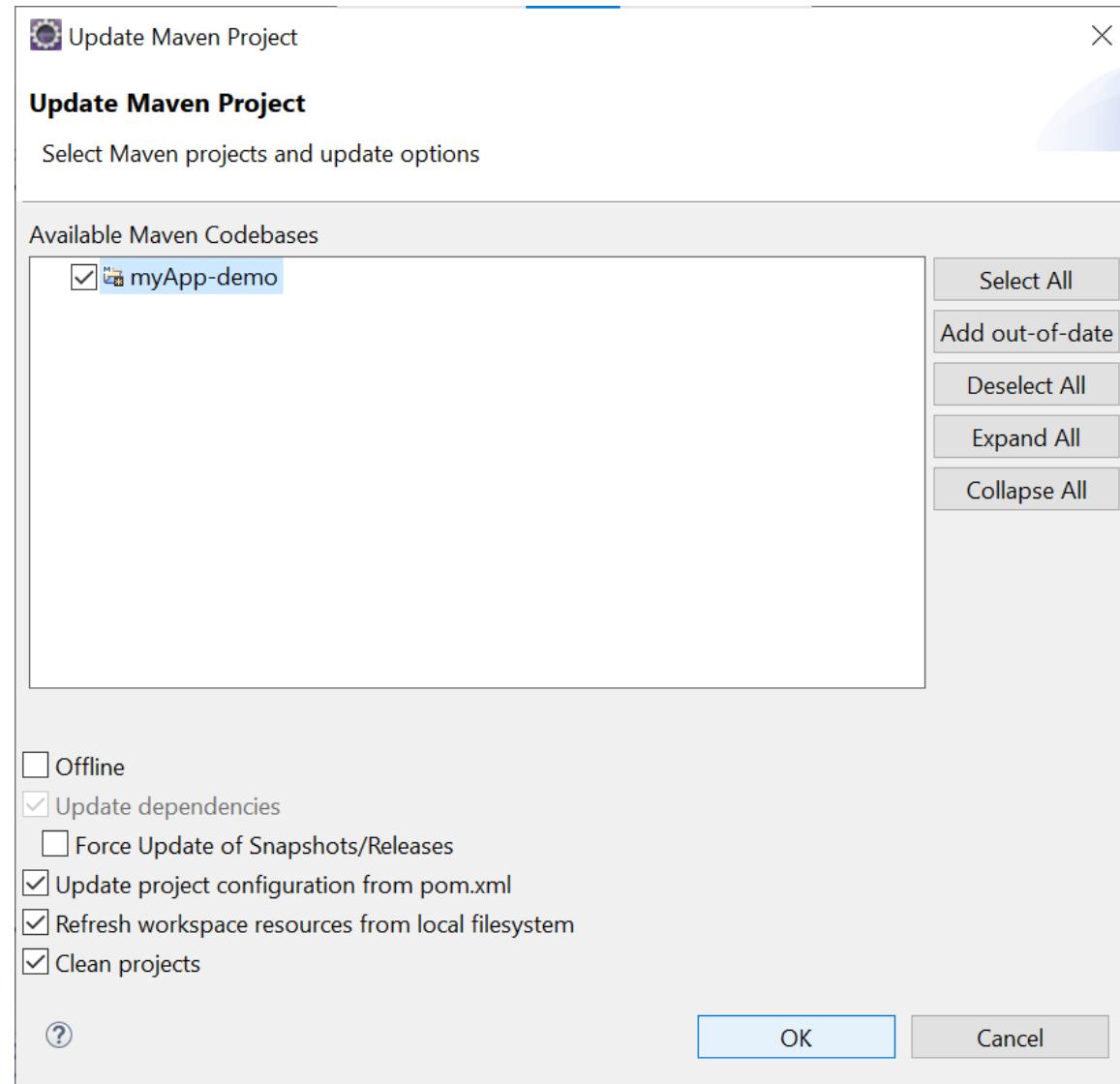
```
myApp-demo/pom.xml ×
6   <artifactId>myApp-demo</artifactId>
7   <packaging>war</packaging>
8   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
9   <name>myApp-demo</name>
10
11 <build>
12   <finalName>myApp-demo</finalName>
13   <plugins>
14     <plugin>
15       <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
16       <artifactId>maven-war-plugin</artifactId>
17       <version>3.3.1</version>
18     </plugin>
19   </plugins>
20 </build>
```

The screenshot shows a Java development environment with two main panes. On the left is the Project Explorer, which lists the project structure for 'myApp-demo'. It includes a Deployment Descriptor, JAX-WS Web Services, Java Resources (src/main/java containing dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo/MyResource.java), src/main/resources, Libraries, Deployed Resources, and a src directory with main/java, main/resources, webapp, and WEB-INF/web.xml. pom.xml is also listed at the bottom. On the right is a code editor displaying the contents of pom.xml. The code defines a Maven project with groupId dz.epd.rest, artifactId myApp-demo, packaging war, version 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT, and name myApp-demo. It uses the maven-war-plugin (version 3.3.1) to build the final application named myApp-demo. The dependencyManagement section is partially visible.

```
<project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>dz.epd.rest</groupId>
  <artifactId>myApp-demo</artifactId>
  <packaging>war</packaging>
  <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <name>myApp-demo</name>
  <build>
    <finalName>myApp-demo</finalName>
    <plugins>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
        <artifactId>maven-war-plugin</artifactId>
        <version>3.3.1</version>
      </plugin>
    </plugins>
  </build>
  <dependencyManagement>
    <dependencies>
      <!-- -->
    </dependencies>
  </dependencyManagement>

```





The screenshot shows a Java-based application structure in the Project Explorer and the corresponding code implementation in the code editor.

Project Explorer:

- myApp-demo
 - Deployment Descriptor: myApp-demo
 - JAX-WS Web Services
 - Java Resources
 - src/main/java
 - dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo
 - MyResource.java
 - src/main/resources
 - Libraries
 - Deployed Resources
 - src
 - main
 - java
 - resources
 - webapp
 - WEB-INF
 - target
 - pom.xml
 - Servers

Code Editor (MyResource.java):

```
1 package dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo;
2
3 import jakarta.ws.rs.GET;
4
5 /**
6  * Root resource (exposed at "myresource" path)
7  */
8
9 @Path("myresource")
10 public class MyResource {
11
12     /**
13      * Method handling HTTP GET requests. The returned object will be sent
14      * to the client as "text/plain" media type.
15      *
16      * @return string that will be returned as a text/plain response.
17      */
18     @GET
19     @Produces(MediaType.TEXT_PLAIN)
20     public String getIt() {
21         return "Got it!";
22     }
23 }
24
25 }
```

Annotations and Descriptions:

- `@Path("myresource")`: Binds the resource to the `/myresource` URI path.
- `@GET`: Specifies that the `getIt()` method handles HTTP GET requests.
- `@Produces(MediaType.TEXT_PLAIN)`: Specifies the media type of the response.
- `return "Got it!";`: The method returns the string "Got it!" as a plain text response.

Text Labels:

- implementation of a simple REST WS**: A red text label at the bottom left pointing to the code.
- the resource exposes a single method that is able to handle HTTP GET requests, is bound to /myresource URI path**: A red text label on the right side explaining the functionality of the code.

Launch your REST WS

Part 2

Tools

Download Apache Tomcat

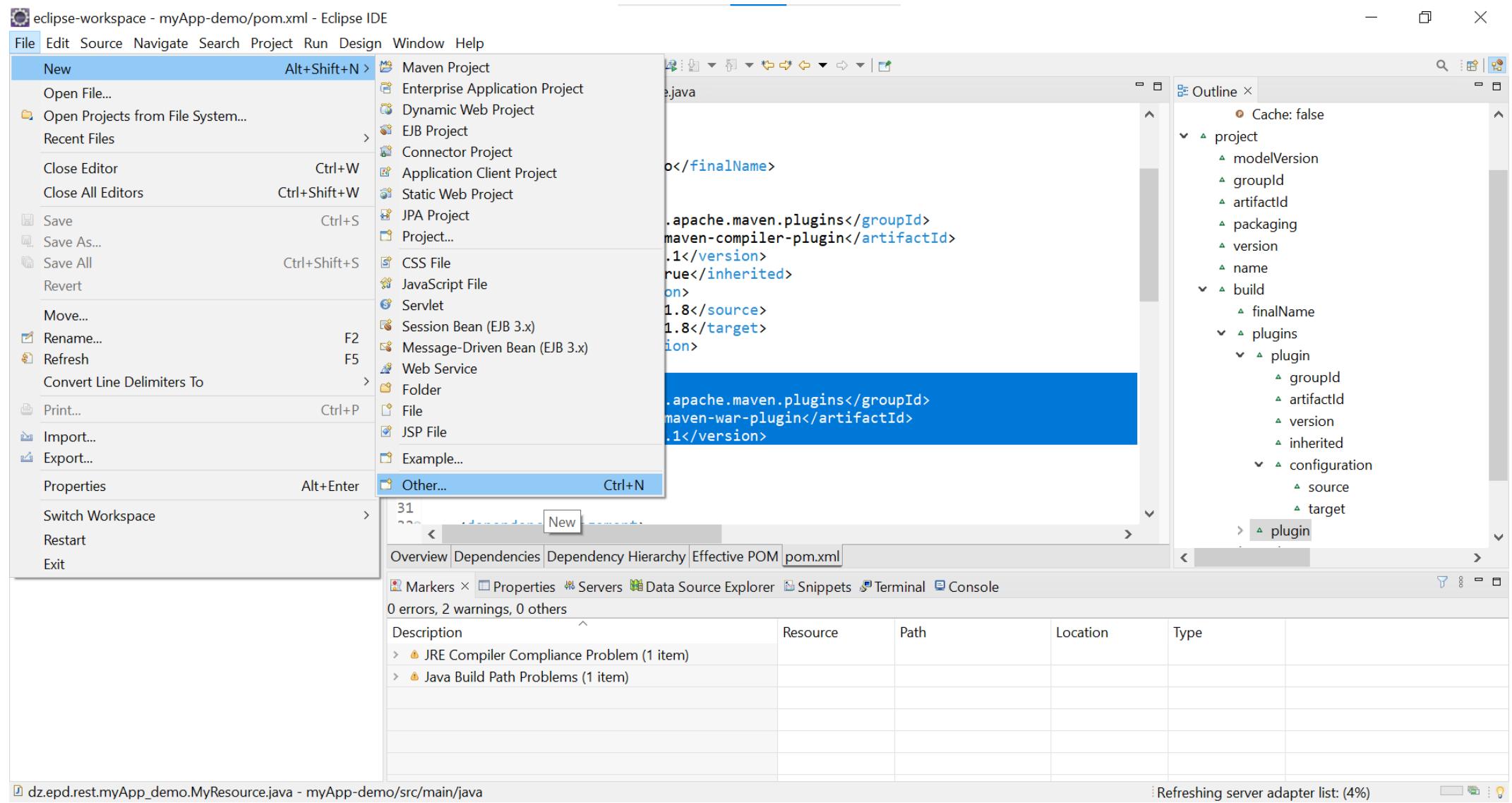


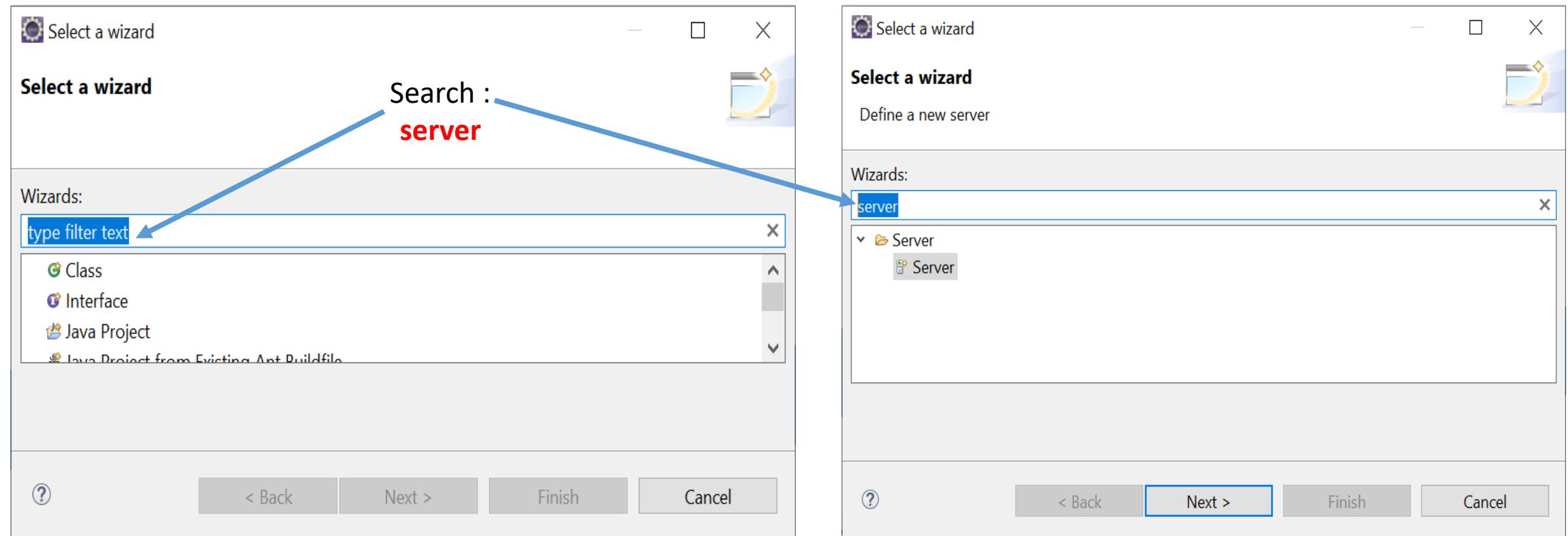
The image shows the official Apache Tomcat website. At the top left is the Apache logo, which is a yellow cat with black stripes and a small 'TM' symbol. Below it is a search bar with the placeholder 'Search...' and a 'GO' button. To the right of the search bar, the text 'Apache Tomcat' is displayed in a large, bold, dark font, followed by a registered trademark symbol (®). On the left side of the main content area, there is a sidebar with the text 'Apache Tomcat' and a 'Home' link. The main content area has a header 'Tomcat 10 Software Downloads' and a welcome message: 'Welcome to the Apache Tomcat® 10.x software download page. as well as links to the archives of older releases.'

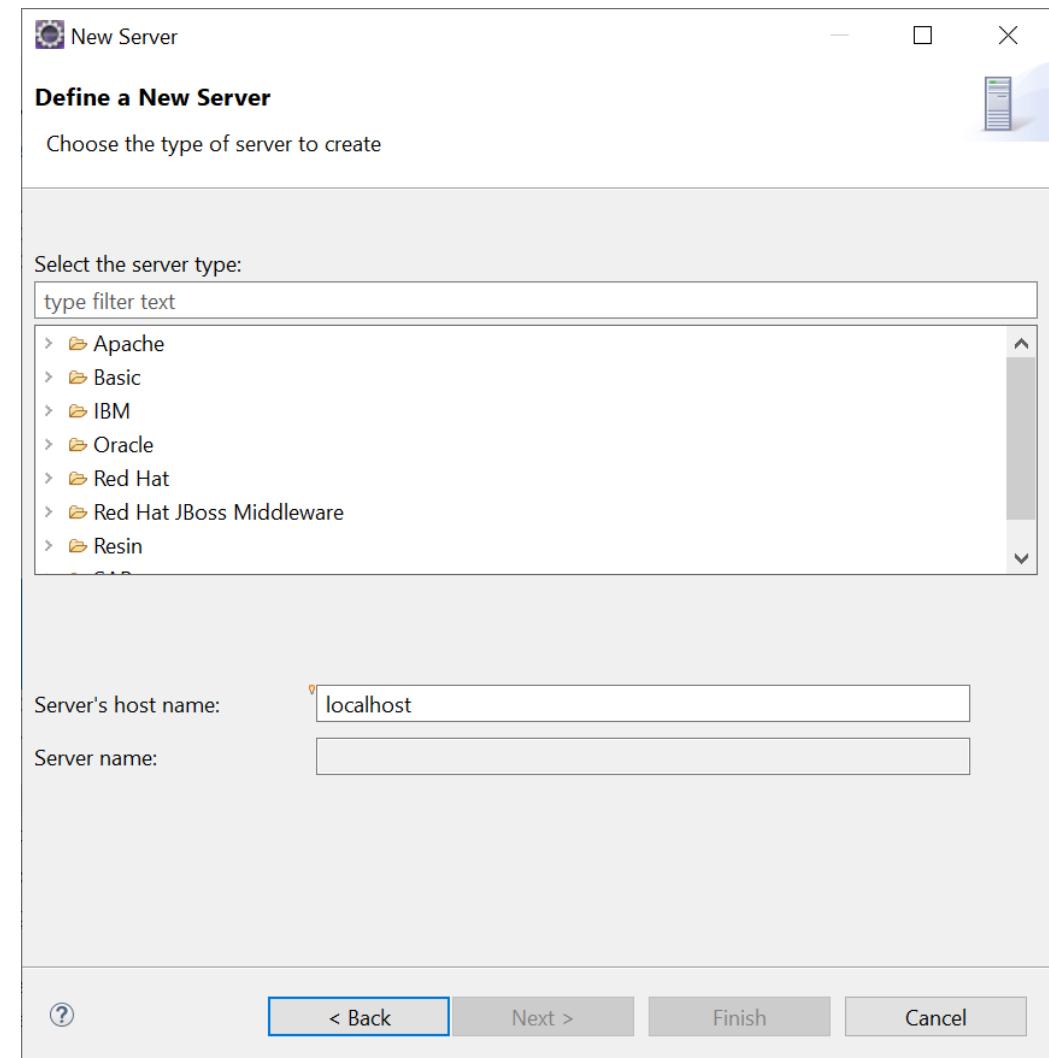
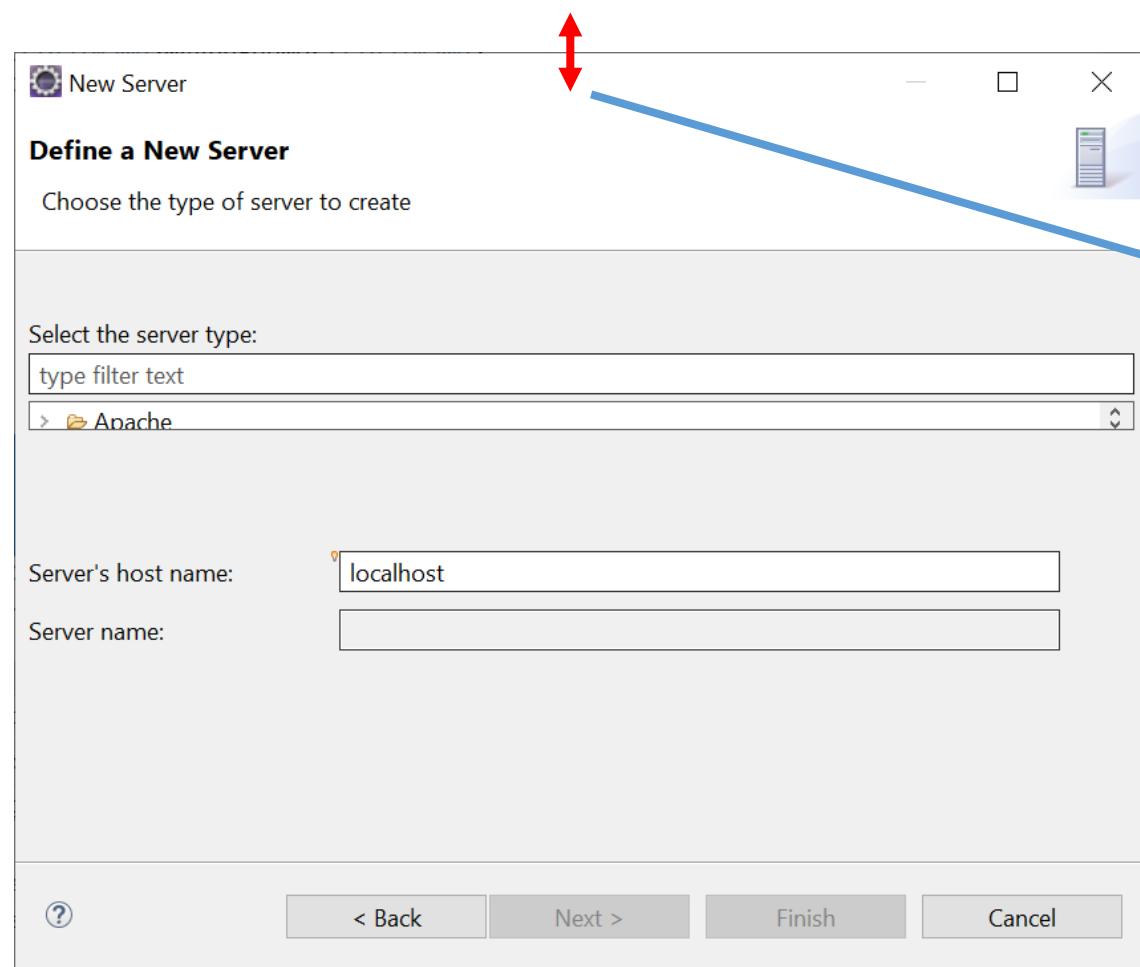
<https://dlcdn.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-10/v10.0.27/bin/apache-tomcat-10.0.27.zip>

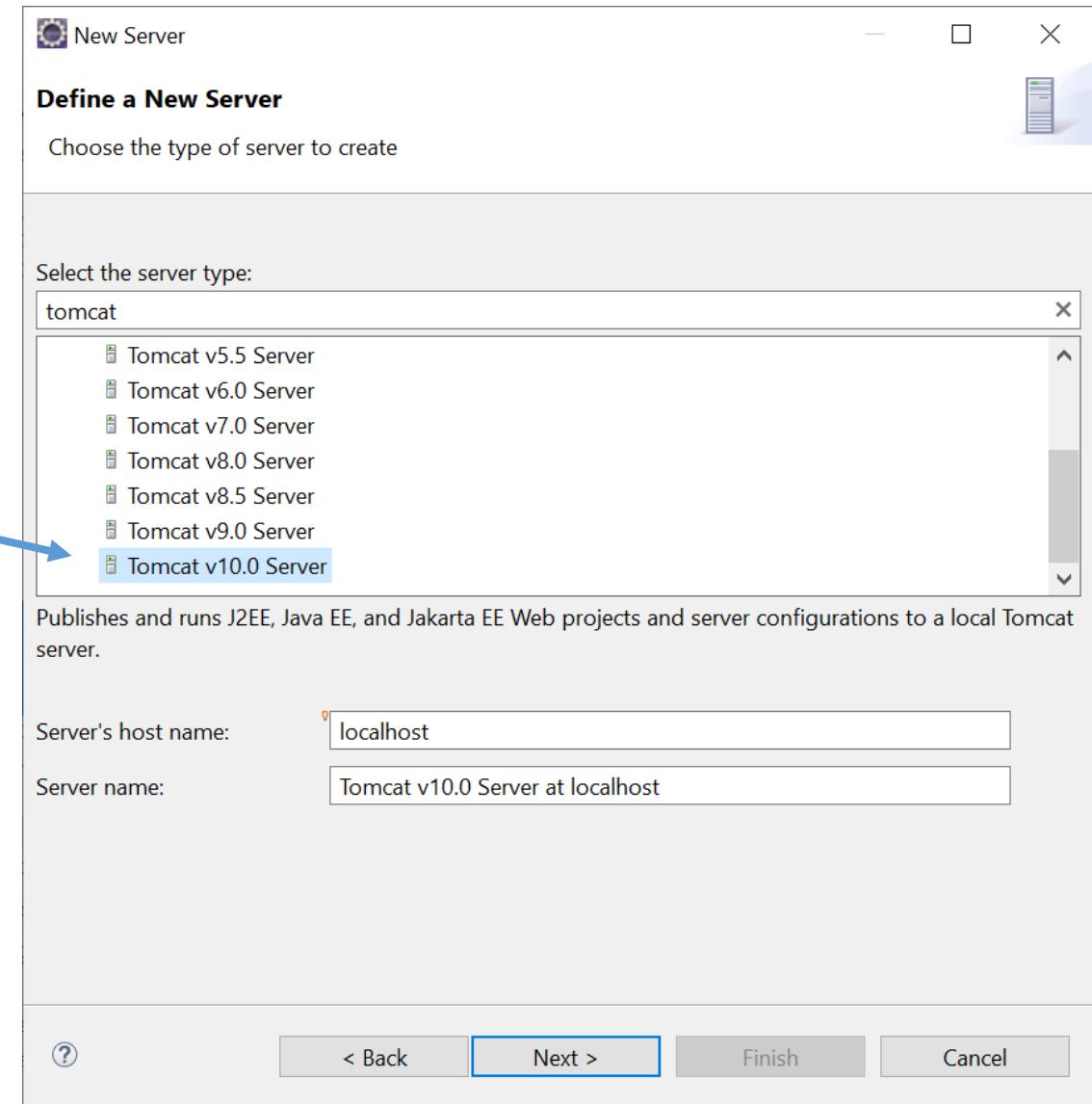
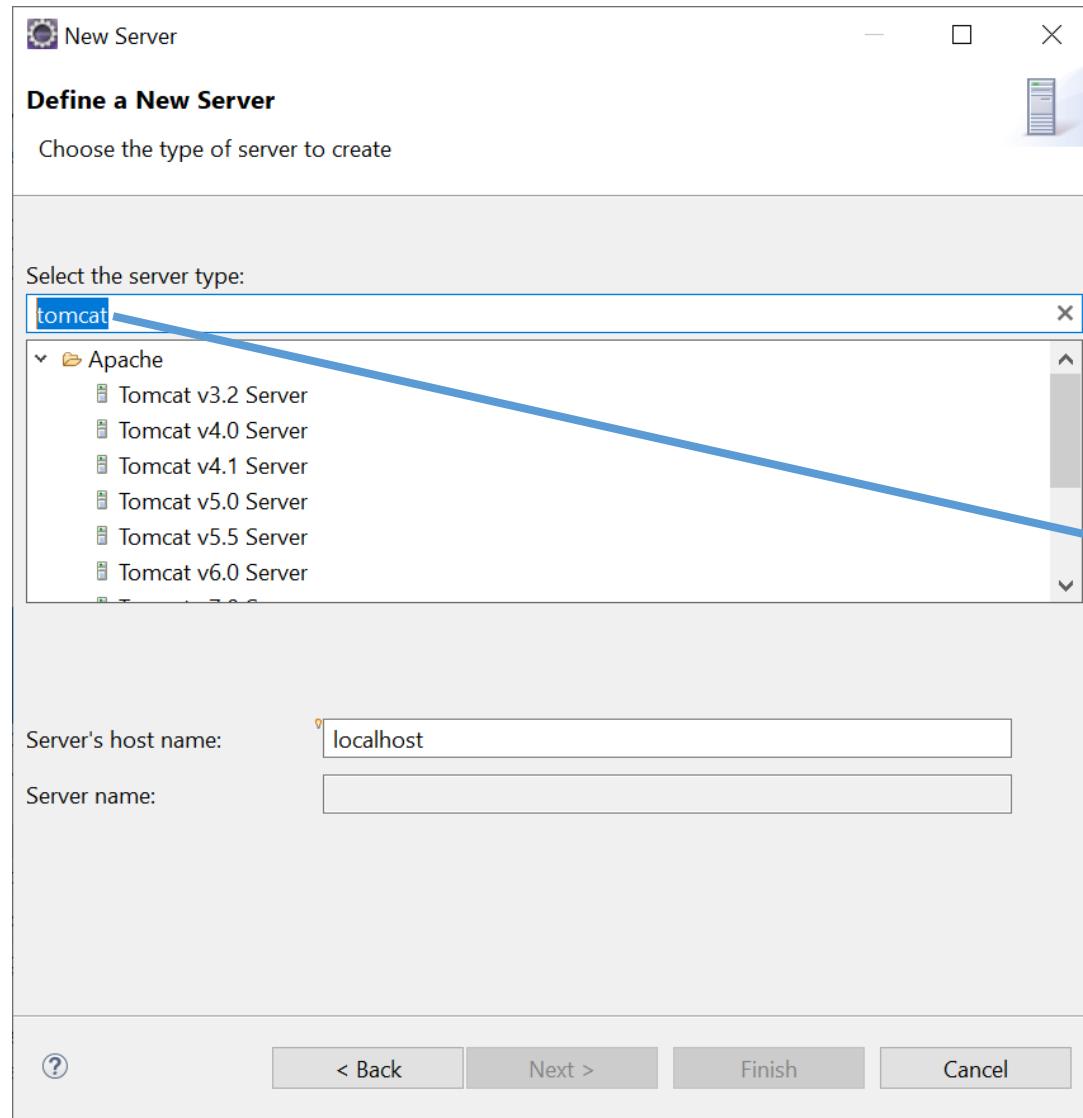
Extract the file to a directory of your choice

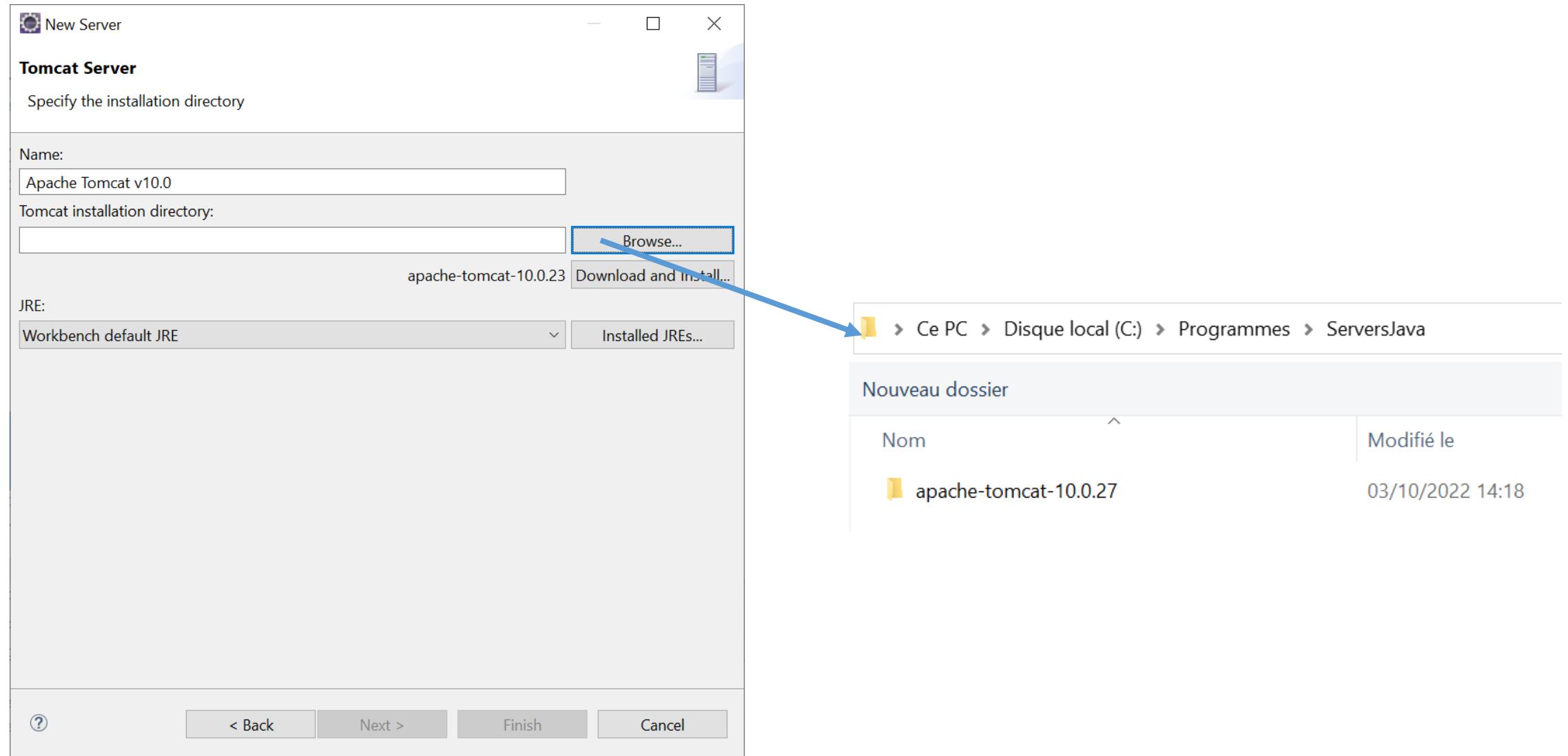
Ce PC > Disque local (C:) > Programmes > ServersJava	
Nom	Modifié le
apache-tomcat-10.0.27	03/10/2022 14:18
apache-tomcat-10.0.27	22/11/2022 23:10

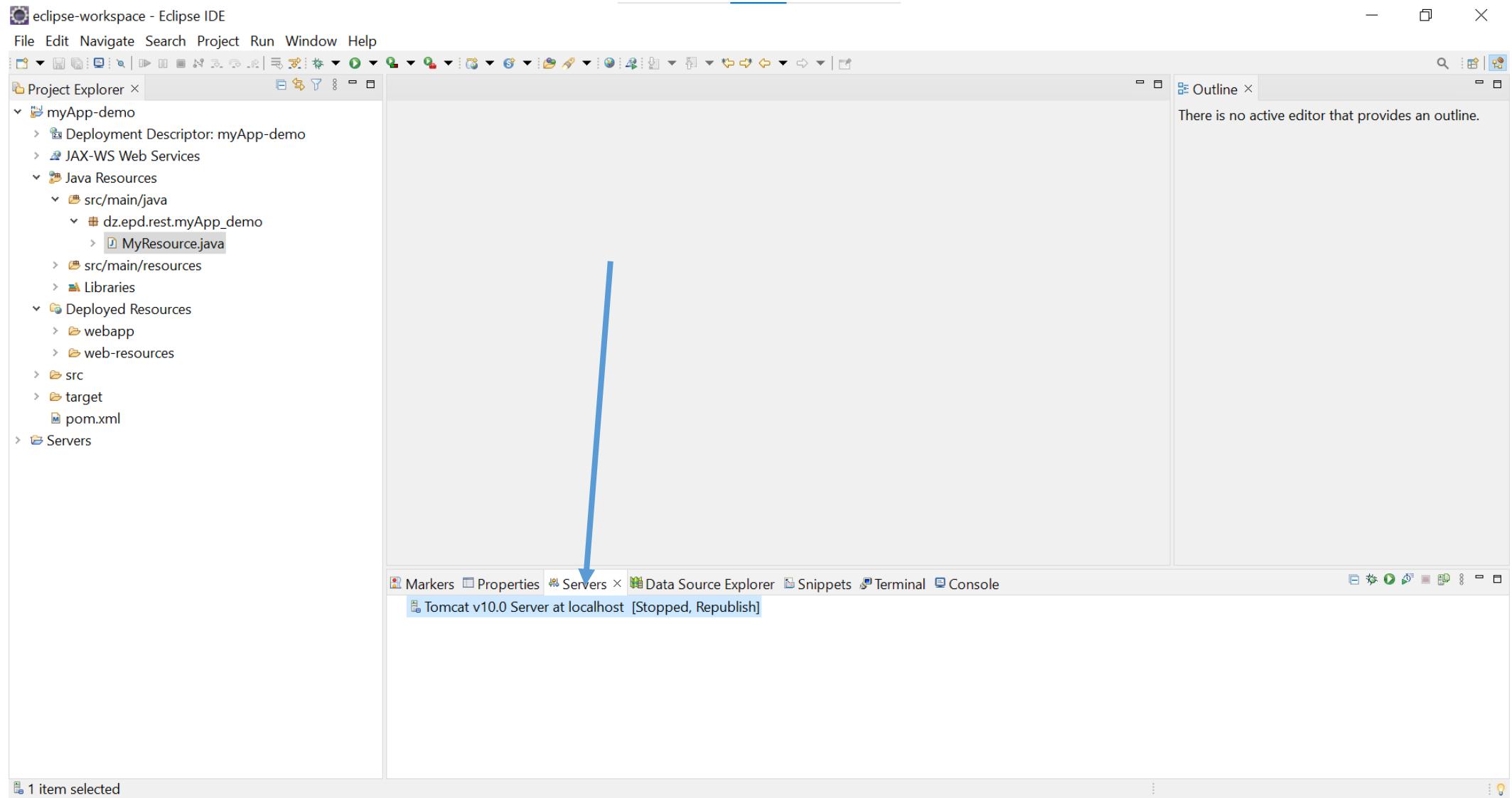


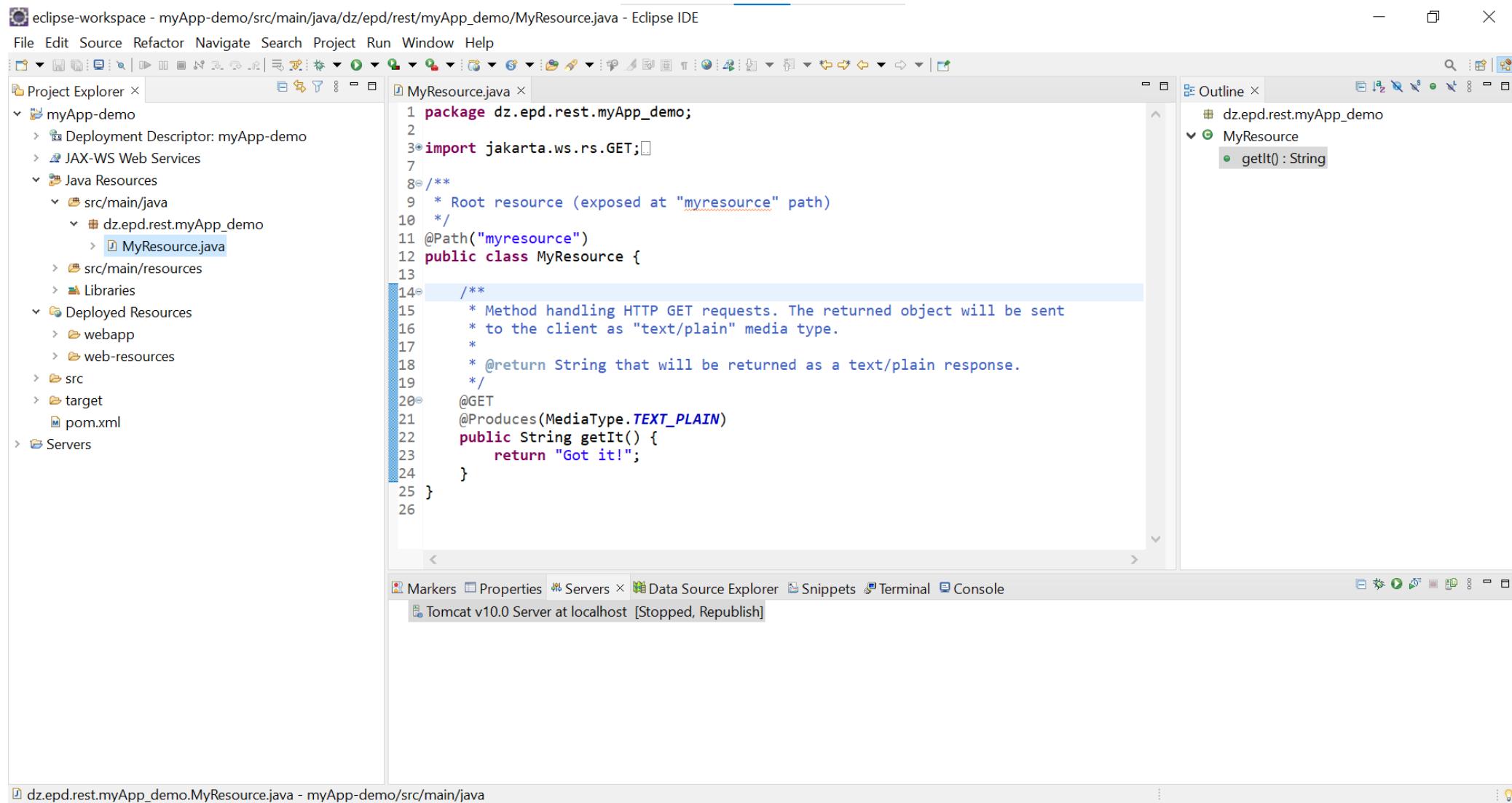


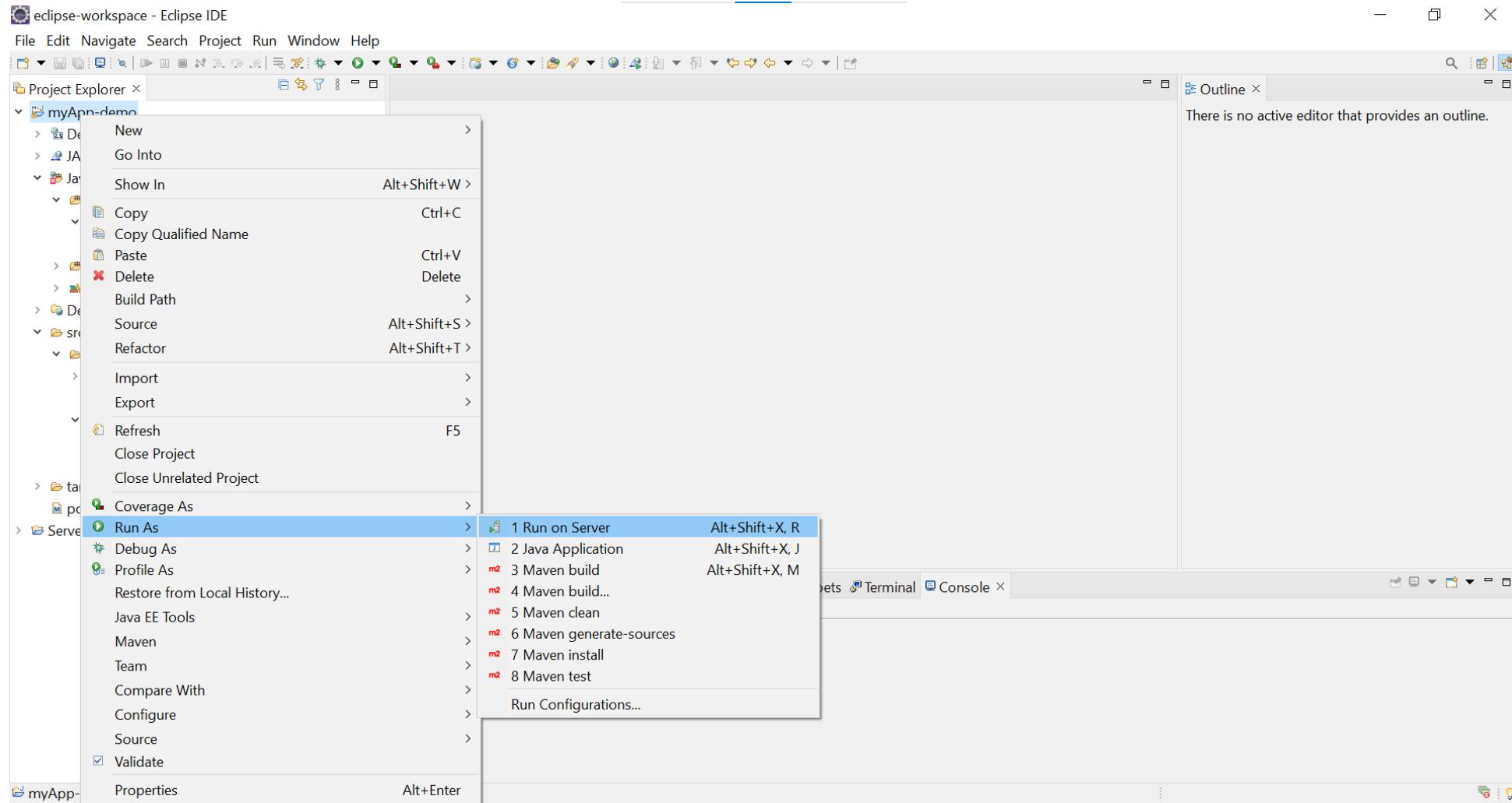


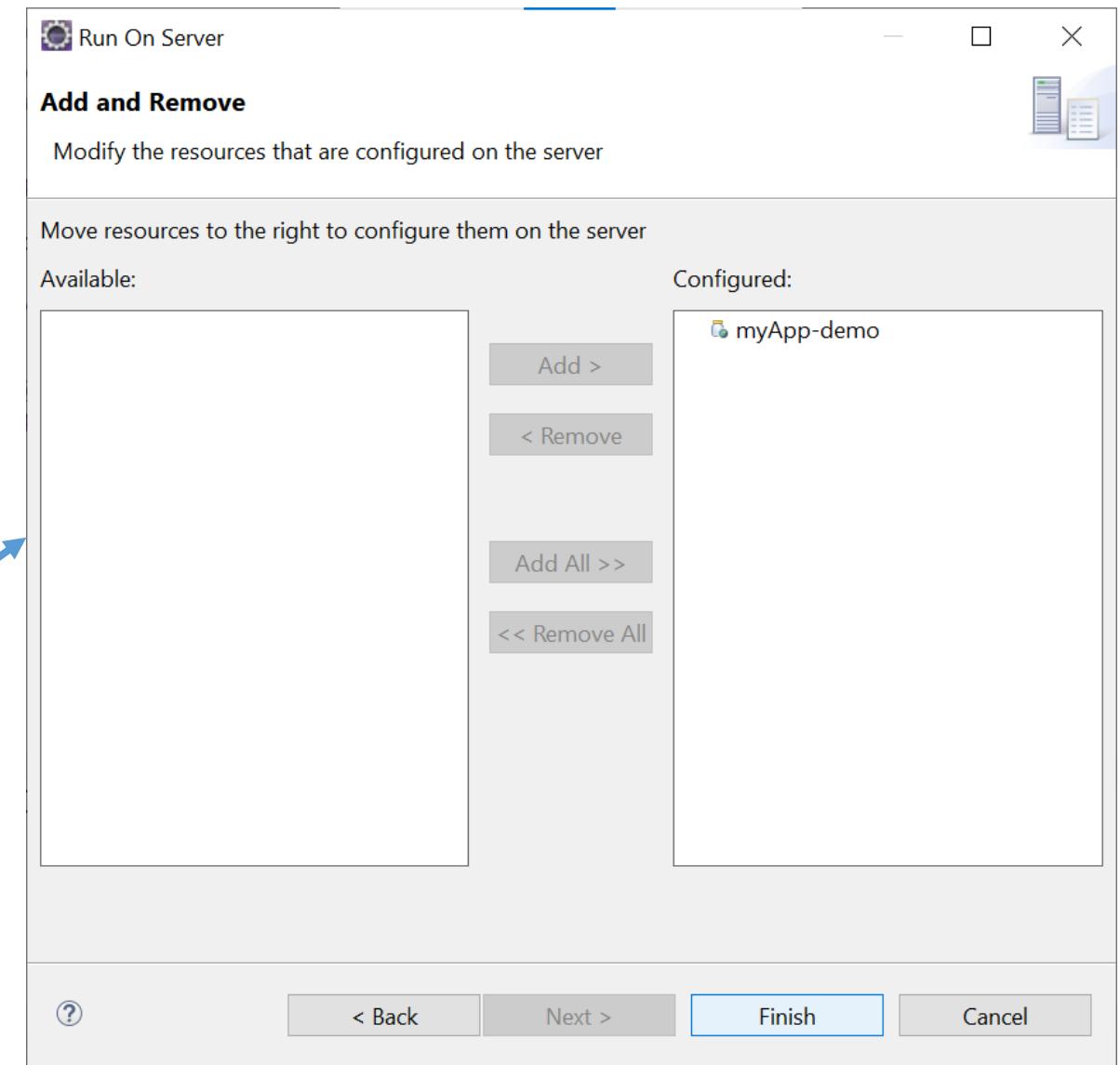
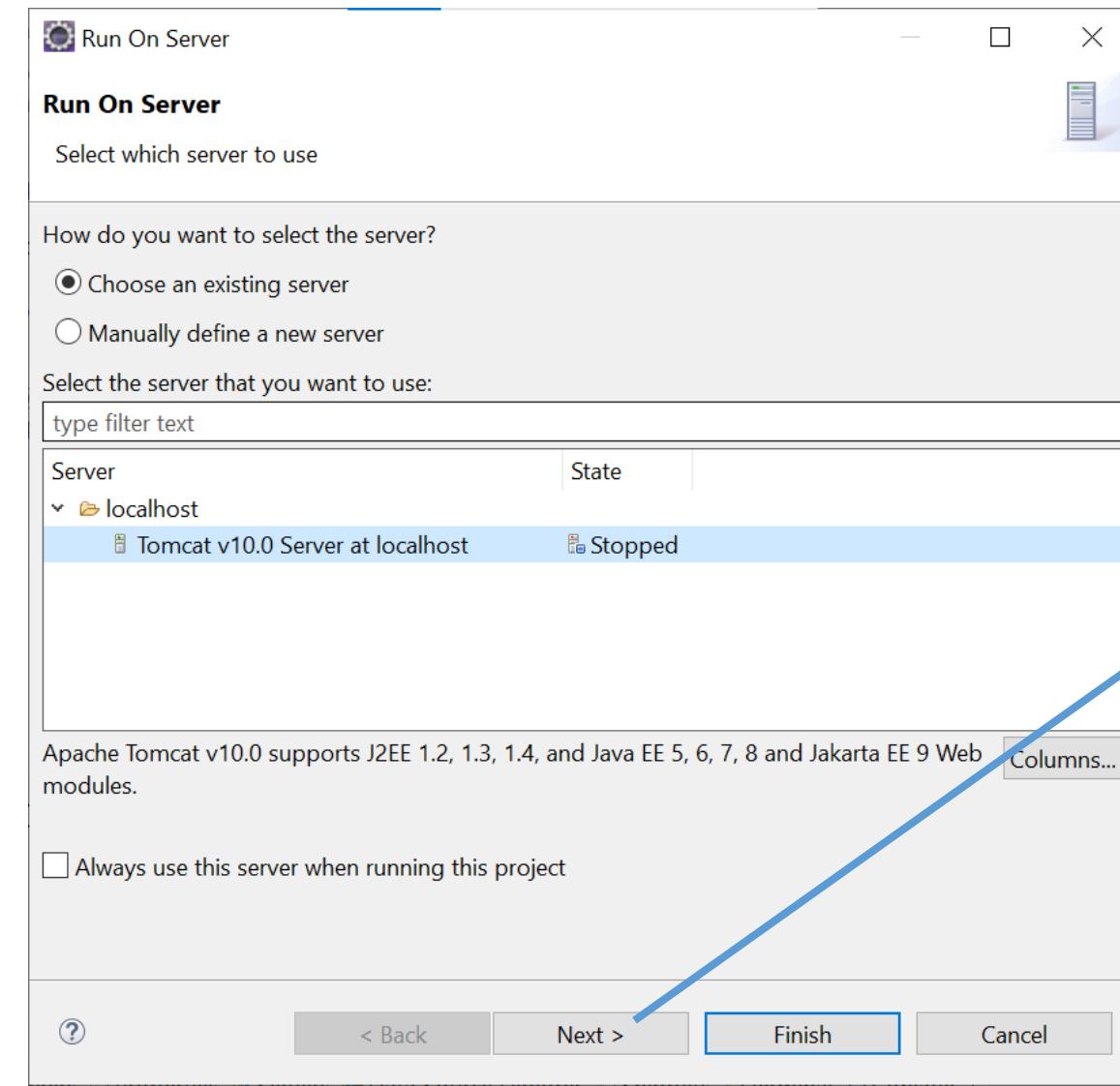




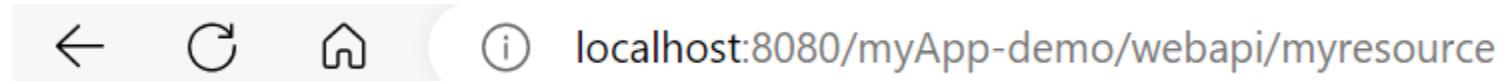








You can then access the methods of the WS



[http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/**myresource**](http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/myresource)

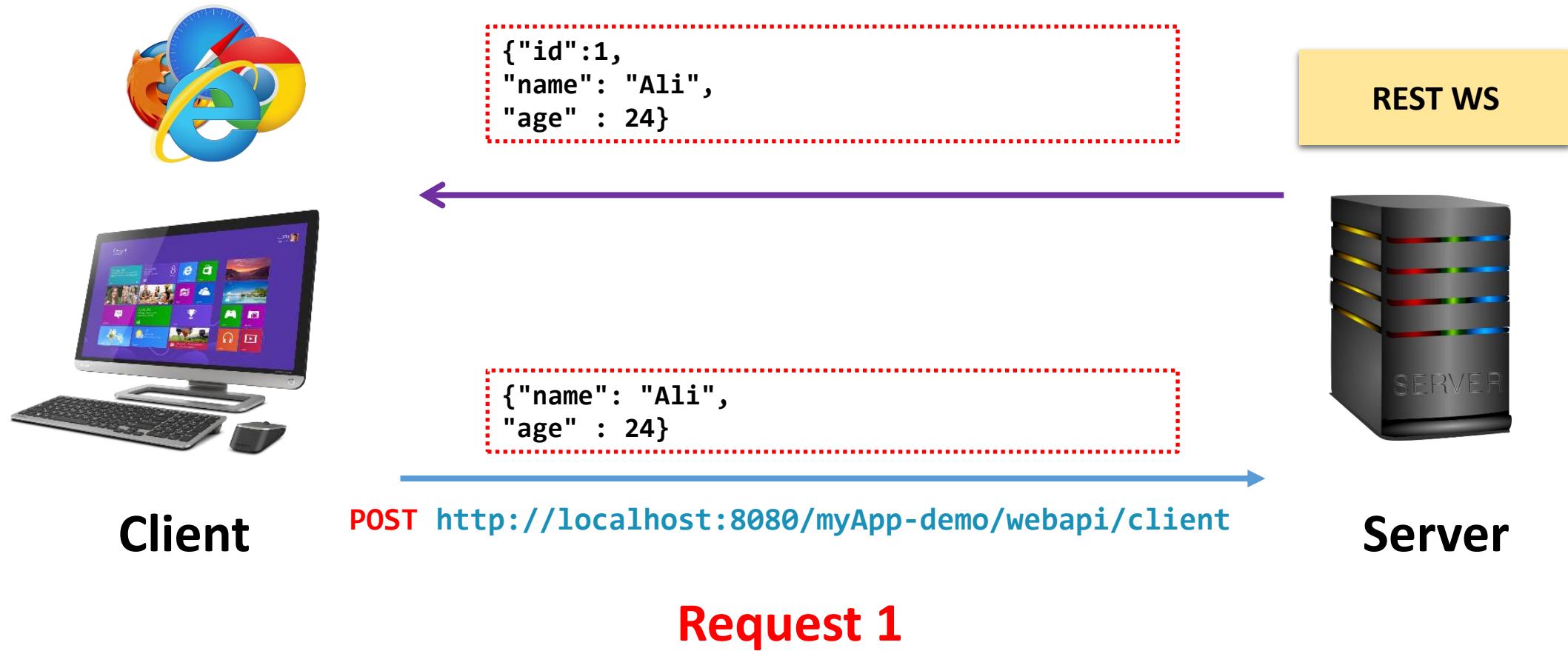
```
MyResource.java ×  
1 package dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo;  
2  
3+import jakarta.ws.rs.GET;  
7  
8+/**  
9  * Root resource (exposed at "myresource" path)  
10 */  
11 @Path("epd")  
12 public class MyResource {  
13  
14+    /**  
15     * Method handling HTTP GET requests. The returned object will be sent  
16     * to the client as "text/plain" media type.  
17     *  
18     * @return String that will be returned as a text/plain response.  
19     */  
20+    @GET  
21    @Produces(MediaType.TEXT_PLAIN)  
22    public String getIt() {  
23        return "Bonjour dans notre cours EPD!";  
24    }  
25 }
```

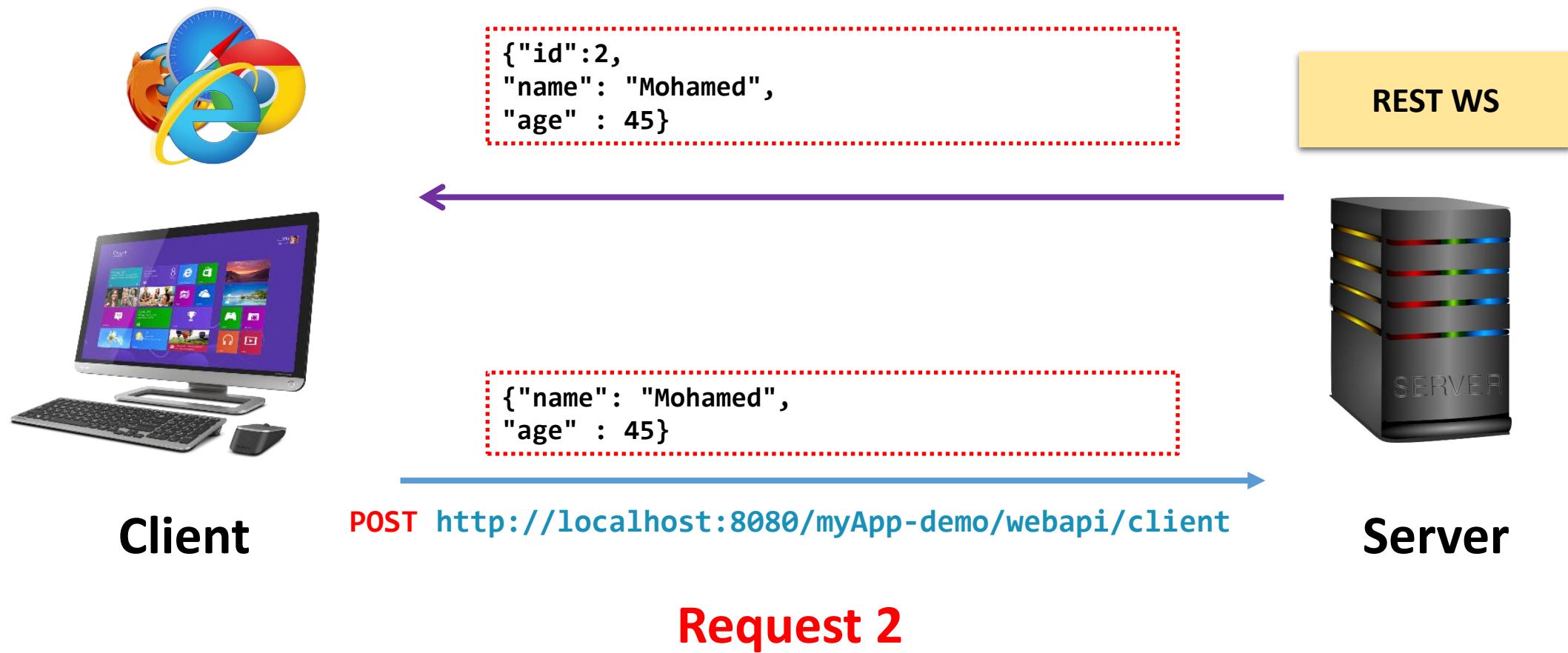
http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/**epd**

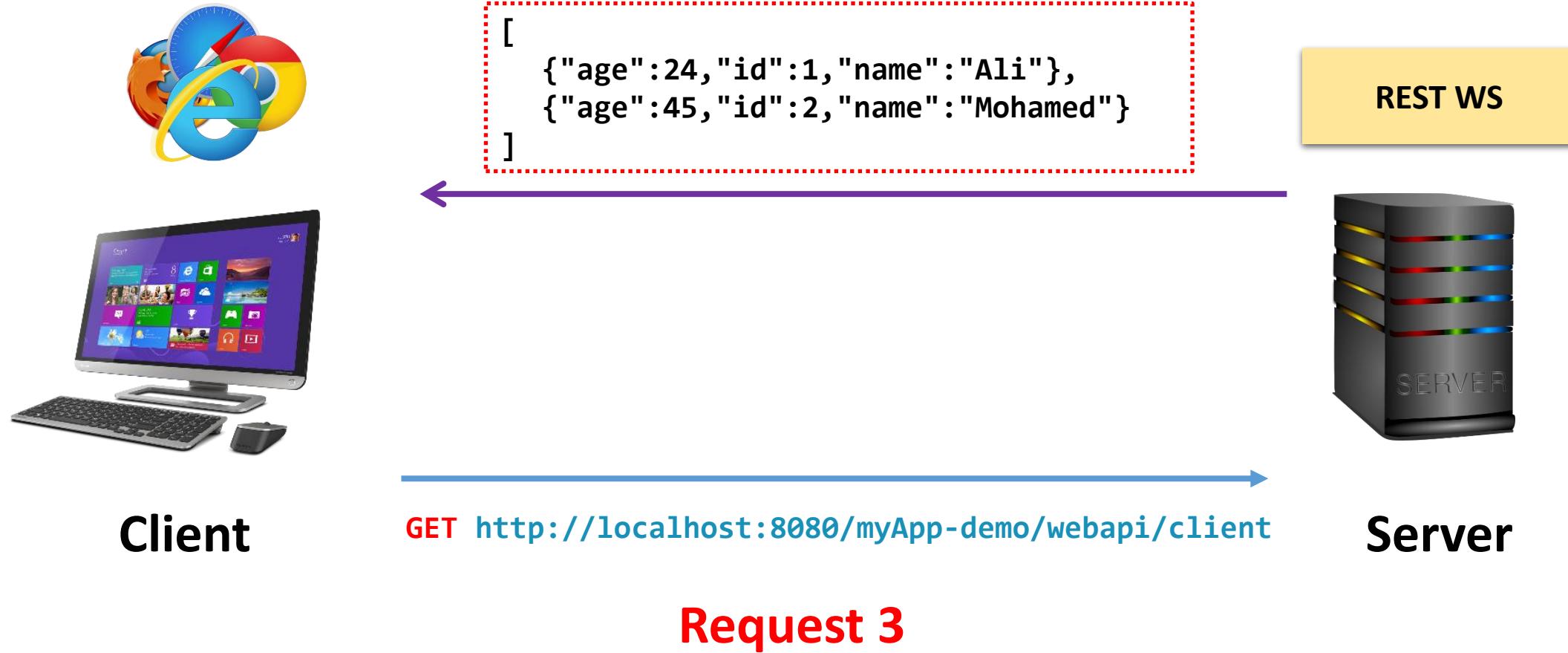


Bonjour dans notre cours EPD!

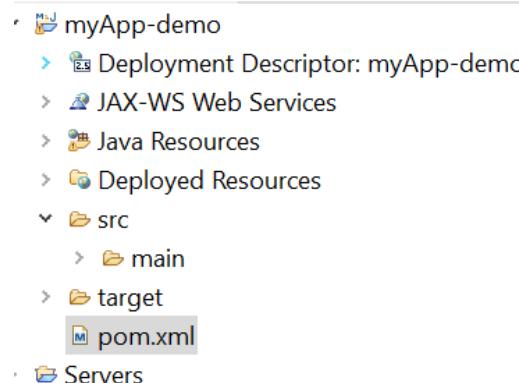
**Let's create a simple REST web
service that consume a JSON file
and return a JSON response**







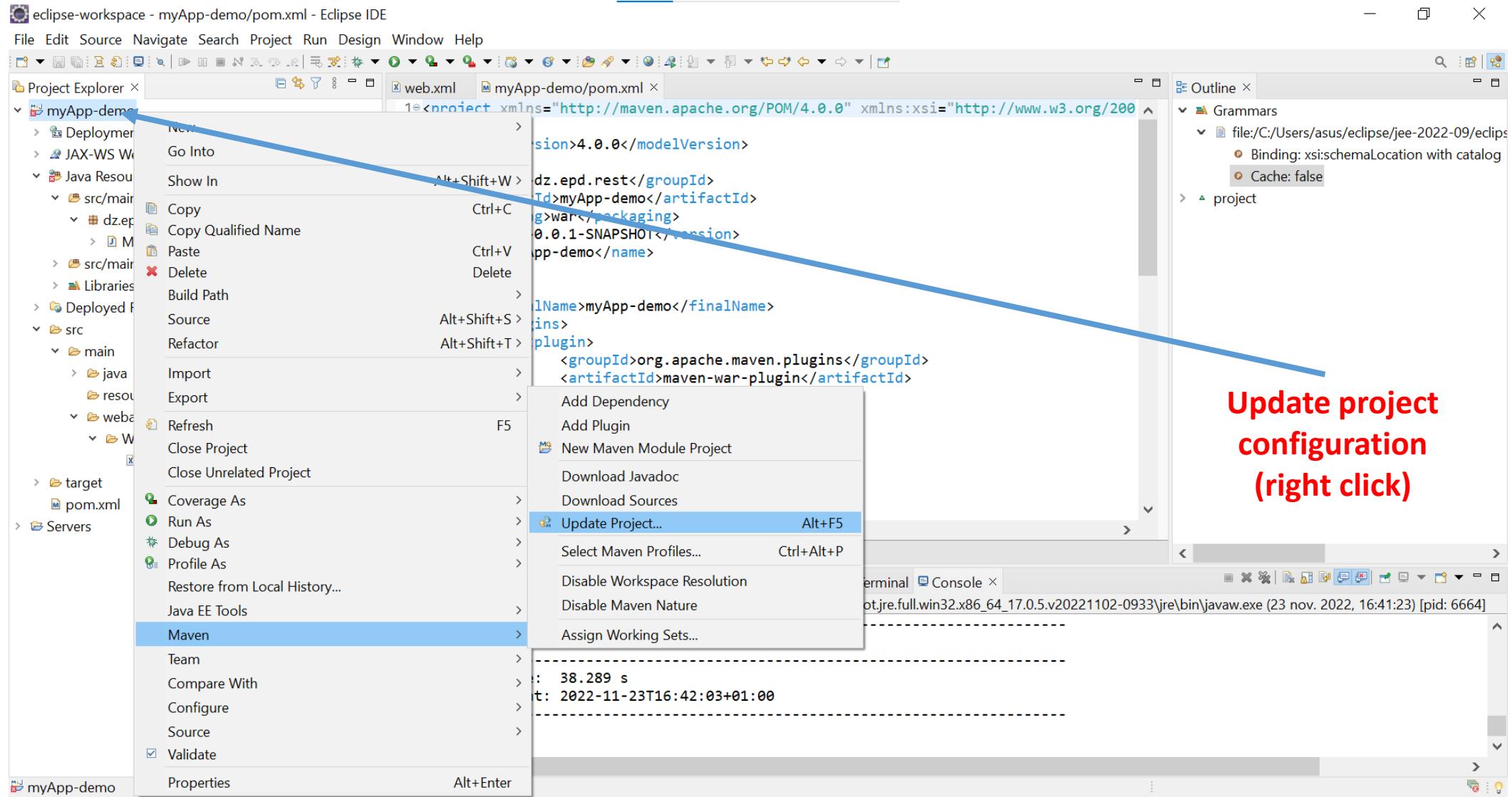
uncomment this line in the pom.xml file



```
27      <version>${jersey.version}</version>
28      <type>pom</type>
29      <scope>import</scope>
30      </dependency>
31  </dependencies>
32 </dependencyManagement>
33
34<dependencies>
35  <dependency>
36    <groupId>org.glassfish.jersey.containers</groupId>
37    <artifactId>jersey-container-servlet-core</artifactId>
38    <!-- use the following artifactId if you don't need servlet API --
39    <!-- artifactId>jersey-container-servlet</artifactId -->
40  </dependency>
41  <dependency>
42    <groupId>org.glassfish.jersey.inject</groupId>
43    <artifactId>jersey-hk2</artifactId>
44  </dependency>
45  <!-- uncomment this to get JSON support -->
46  <dependency>
47    <groupId>org.glassfish.jersey.media</groupId>
48    <artifactId>jersey-media-json-binding</artifactId>
49  </dependency>
50  -->
51 </dependencies>
```

```
<dependencies>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.glassfish.jersey.containers</groupId>
        <artifactId>jersey-container-servlet-core</artifactId>
        <!-- use the following artifactId if you don't need
            <!-- artifactId>jersey-container-servlet</artifactId>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.glassfish.jersey.inject</groupId>
        <artifactId>jersey-hk2</artifactId>
    </dependency>

    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.glassfish.jersey.media</groupId>
        <artifactId>jersey-media-json-binding</artifactId>
    </dependency>
</dependencies>
```



```
package dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo;  
  
public class Client {  
    private int id;  
    private String name;  
    private int age;  
  
    public Client() {}  
    public Client(String name, int age) {  
        this.name = name;  
        this.age = age;  
    }  
    public int getId() {  
        return id;  
    }  
    public void setId(int id) {  
        this.id = id;  
    }  
    public String getName() {  
        return name;  
    }  
    public void setName(String name) {  
        this.name = name;  
    }  
    public int getAge() {  
        return age;  
    }  
    public void setAge(int age) {  
        this.age = age;  
    }  
}
```

**let's create two
classes for our
business logic
(Client management)**

```
package dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo;  
  
import java.util.ArrayList;  
  
public class ClientDAO {  
  
    static ArrayList<Client> clientList = new ArrayList<Client>();  
    static int id = 1;  
  
    public static ArrayList<Client> getClientList() {  
        return clientList;  
    }  
    public static void addClientToList(Client client) {  
        client.setId(id);  
        id++;  
        clientList.add(client);  
    }  
}
```

```
package dz.epd.rest.myApp_demo;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import jakarta.ws.rs.Consumes;
import jakarta.ws.rs.GET;
import jakarta.ws.rs.POST;
import jakarta.ws.rs.Path;
import jakarta.ws.rs.Produces;
import jakarta.ws.rs.core.MediaType;

@Path("client")
public class ClientRessource {

    @GET
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public ArrayList<Client> getClients() {
        return ClientDAO.getClientList();
    }

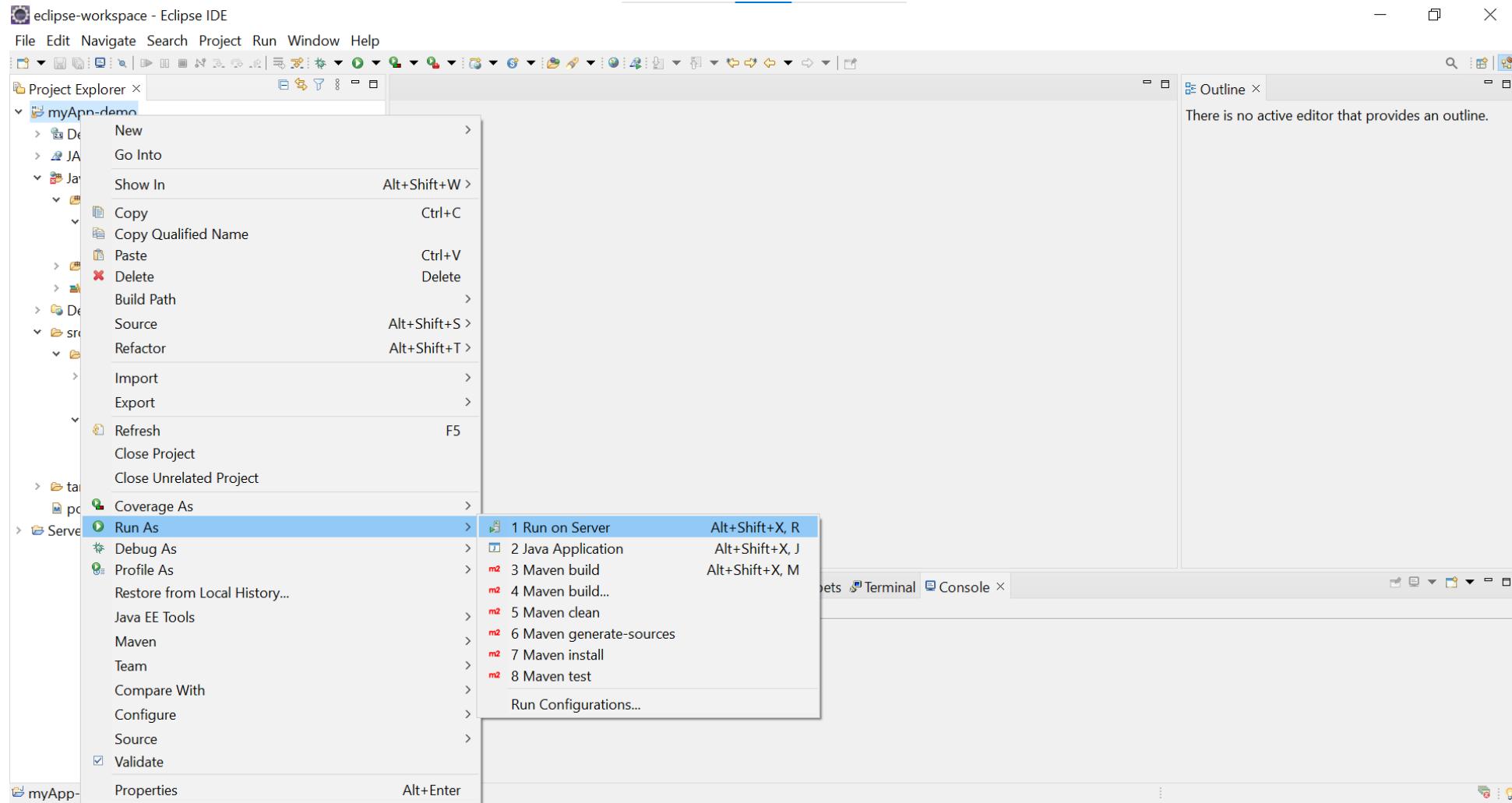
    @POST
    @Consumes(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public Client saveClient(Client clientObj) {
        System.out.println("Client id = " + clientObj.getId());
        System.out.println("Client name = " + clientObj.getName());
        System.out.println("Client age = " + clientObj.getAge());
        ClientDAO.addBusToList(clientObj);
        return clientObj;
    }
}
```

Let's create a REST web service that allows to save a new client or retrieve the list of available clients

@Produces = Response

Request and response are JSON files

@ Consumes = Request



Part 3

**Let's go to getpostman.com and
install Postman to test our REST
API**

Tools

The Postman app

Download the app to get started with the Postman API Platform.



Windows 64-bit

<https://www.postman.com/downloads/>

Working locally in Scratch Pad. Switch to a Workspace

Scratch Pad

New Import

Overview

No Environment

+

Scratch Pad

The Scratch Pad is for all your scrappy, exploratory work on Postman. All the data is saved locally on your machine, so only you have access to it. To collaborate in real-time and sync your work, switch to a workspace.

You don't have any collections

Collections let you group related requests, making them easier to access and run.

Create Collection

Requests: 19 Collections: 0 Environments: 0

Get started

- Create a request
- Create a collection
- Create an API
- Create an environment

View More

Find and Replace Console

Runner Trash

Click here

Home Workspaces Explore

Search Postman

Working locally in Scratch Pad. Switch to a Workspace

Scratch Pad New Import Overview Untitled Request + ... No Environment

Untitled Request

GET Enter request URL

Params Authorization Headers (6) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

Query Params

KEY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	...	Bulk Edit
Key	Value	Description		

You don't have any collections

Collections let you group related requests, making them easier to access and run.

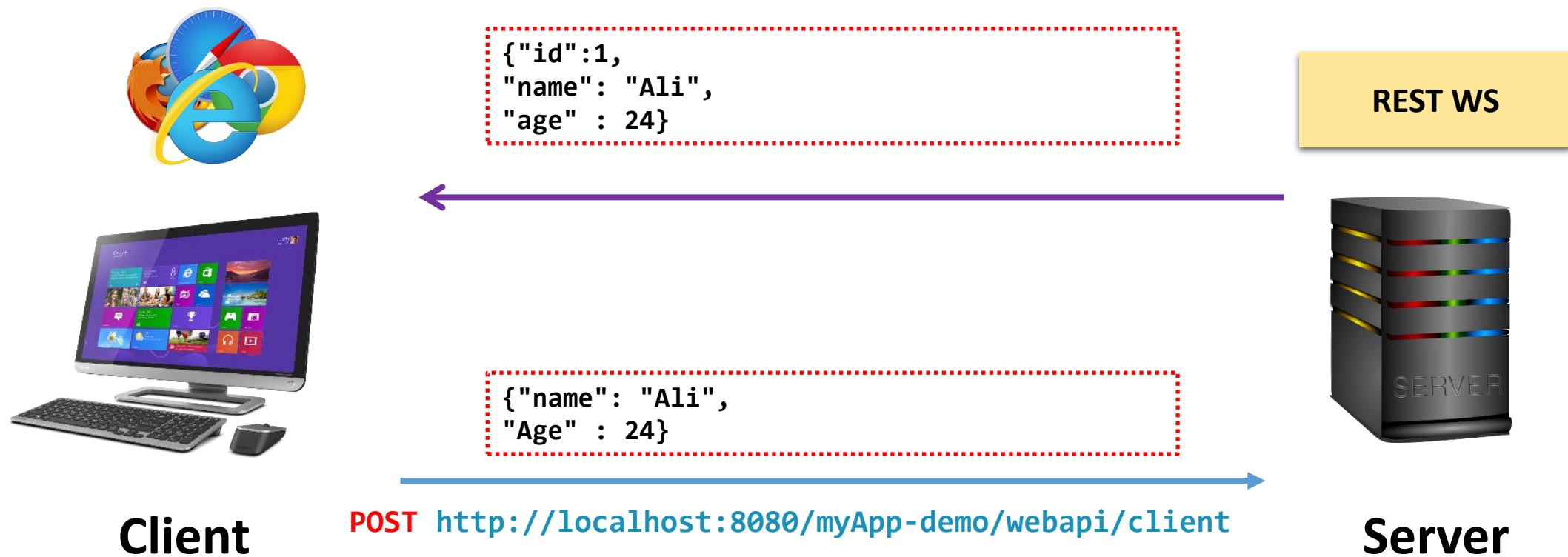
Create Collection

Request type

Enter the URL and click Send to get a response

Find and Replace Console Runner Trash ?

**First, we will send a POST
request ...**



Home Workspaces Explore

Search Postman

Working locally in Scratch Pad. Switch to a Workspace

Scratch Pad New Import Overview POST Untitled Request + ⚙️ Sign In Create Account

Untitled Request

POST Enter request URL

Params Authorization Headers (7) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL Text

Text
JavaScript
JSON
HTML
XML

You don't have any collections

Collections let you group related requests, making them easier to access and run.

Create Collection

• **POST Request**
• **Body**
• **Raw type**
• **JSON file**

Enter the URL and click Send to get a response

Find and Replace Console

Runner Trash ?

Overview POST http://localhost:8080/ + ⚙ No Environment

http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client Save Edit

POST http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client Send

Params Authorization Headers (8) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies Beautify

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL JSON

1 {
2 ... "name": "Ali",
3 ... "age": 24
4 }

URL

JSON data

```
@Path("client")
public class ClientResource {

    @GET
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public ArrayList<Client> getClients() {
        return ClientDAO.getClientList();
    }

    @POST
    @Consumes(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public Client saveClient(Client clientObj) {
        System.out.println("Client id = " +
clientObj.getId());
        System.out.println("Client name = " +
clientObj.getName());
        System.out.println("Client age = " +
clientObj.getAge());
        ClientDAO.addBusToList(clientObj);
        return clientObj;
    }
}
```

URL

<http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client>

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. At the top, there's an 'Overview' section with a 'POST' button and a URL field containing 'http://localhost:8080/'. Below this is a main panel for the request 'http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client'. The 'Body' tab is selected, showing a JSON payload:

```
1 {
2   "name": "Ali",
3   "age": 24
4 }
```

Below the body, the 'Headers' tab shows '(8)' entries. The 'Tests' and 'Settings' tabs are also visible. On the right side of the request panel, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Edit', and 'Send'. A blue arrow points from the 'Send' button to the text 'Send request 1'.

At the bottom of the screen, the 'Test Results' section is shown. It includes tabs for 'Body', 'Cookies', 'Headers (5)', and 'Test Results'. The 'Body' tab is selected, displaying the response in 'Pretty' format:

```
1 {
2   "age": 24,
3   "id": 1,
4   "name": "Ali"
5 }
```

Below the response body, there are buttons for 'Raw', 'Preview', 'Visualize', and 'JSON'. To the right of the response, there's a status bar showing '200 OK', '64 ms', '186 B', and a 'Save Response' button. A blue arrow points from the 'Save Response' button to the text 'Response 1'.

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. At the top, a blue header bar displays the number 62. Below it, the main interface is visible.

Request Section:

- Method: POST
- URL: <http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client>
- Body tab is selected (indicated by an orange underline).
- Body content:

```
1 {  
2   "name": "Mohamed",  
3   "age": 45  
4 }
```
- Send button is highlighted with a blue arrow pointing to it from the right.

Response Section:

- Body tab is selected (indicated by an orange underline).
- Response status: 200 OK
- Response time: 8 ms
- Response size: 190 B
- Save Response button is present.
- Response content:

```
1 {  
2   "age": 45,  
3   "id": 2,  
4   "name": "Mohamed"  
5 }
```

A blue arrow points from the response body back to the request body.
- Response search icon is present.
- Response copy icon is present.
- Response scroll bar is visible on the right.

Annotations:

- A blue arrow points from the "Send" button to the "Send" button.
- A blue arrow points from the "Send" button to the "Send request 2" label.
- A blue arrow points from the response body back to the request body.
- A red label "Send request 2" is positioned near the "Send" button.
- A red label "Response 2" is positioned near the response scroll bar.

**Next, we will send a GET
request...**

Overview GET http://localhost:8080/n + ... No Environment

http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client Save

GET http://localhost:8080/myApp-demo/webapi/client Send

Params Authorization Headers (6) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL

This request does not have a body

Send request 3

- **GET Request**
- **No body**

Body Cookies Headers (5) Test Results 200 OK 12 ms 223 B Save Response ▾

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON ↔ □ 🔍

```
1 [ {  
2   "age": 24,  
3   "id": 1,  
4   "name": "Ali"  
5 },  
6   {  
7     "age": 45,  
8     "id": 2,  
9     "name": "Mohamed"  
10 }  
11 ]  
12 ]
```

**Response 3
(list of clients)**

Documentation

for more information ...

<https://eclipse-ee4j.github.io/jersey.github.io/documentation/latest3x/jaxrs-resources.html>