

University of Jijel

Department of Science and Technology of Physical Activities and Sports



Level: 1st Master

Responsible for the module: S. ROUABI

UNIVERSITY SEASON: 2023/2024

ENGLISH

EDUCATION OBJECTIVES:

- ▶ Basic rules and knowledge associated with the English language.
- ▶ Raising the student's linguistic level and acquiring the languages of research and communication

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE REQUIRED:

- ▶ Knowing the most important basic rules related to the English language.
- ▶ Access to the most important literature related to the English language.

→ English content:

1) Etymology, means and tools of speech.

2) Silent letters, vowels and pronunciation, stress letters.

3) Vocabulary: the nature of the word, the form and structure of the sentence, types of sentences.

4) Grammar: the phrase, the conditional sentence, the sentence and its content (grammar/morphology).

5) Semantics: plurality, synonymy, antonym, figurative expression.

6) The most important terms in the sports field

7) The most important professions related to the sports field

GRAMMAR:

UNIT 04

the phrase, the conditional sentence, the sentence and its content
(grammar/morphology).

LESSON 05

THE CONDITIONAL SENTENCE TYPE

ZERO & TYPE ONE

What is the Conditional Sentence?

GRAMMAR EXPLANATION

Conditionals describe the result of a certain condition. The **if clause** tells you the condition (*If you study hard*) and the **main clause** tells you the result (*you will pass your exams*). The order of the clauses does not change the meaning.

example

IF CLAUSE



MAIN CLAUSE



▶ **If you study hard,** **you will pass your exams.**

▶ **You will pass your exams** **if you study hard.**

↑
MAIN CLAUSE

↑
IF CLAUSE

CONDITIONAL TYPE ZERO (0)

1. conditional type ZERO :

Generally true

We use the conditional type ZERO to talk about things that are *generally true*, especially for laws and rules.

- ➔ *If I drink too much coffee, I can't sleep at night.*
- ➔ *Ice melts if you heat it.*
- ➔ *When the sun goes down, it gets dark.*

if/when + present simple ➔ present simple

The structure is: if/when + present simple >> present simple

CONDITIONAL TYPE ZERO (0)

*This conditional is used when the result will always happen. So, **if water reaches 100 degrees, it always boils**. It's a fact. I'm talking in general, not about one particular situation. The result of the 'if clause' is always the main clause.*

*The **'if'** in this conditional can usually be replaced by **'when'** without changing the meaning.*

*For example: **If water reaches 100 degrees, it boils.** (It is always true, there can't be a different result sometimes).*

CONDITIONAL TYPE ZERO (0)

EXAMPLES:

- ❖ *If people **To eat** too much, they **To get** fat.*
- ❖ *If you **To touch** a fire, you **To get** burned.*
- ❖ *People **To die** if they **(do) to eat**.*
- ❖ *You **To get** water if you **To mix** two hydrogens and oxygen.*
- ❖ *Snake **To bite** if it **be** scared*
- ❖ *If babies **To be** hungry, they **To cry***

CONDITIONAL TYPE ONE (1)

use

2. Conditional type ONE

future situations we believe are real or possible.

We use the first conditional when we talk about future situations we believe are real or possible.

- ➔ *If it doesn't rain tomorrow, we will go to the beach.*
- ➔ *Arsenal will be top of the league if they win.*
- ➔ *When I finish work, I will call you.*

In first conditional sentences, the structure is usually: if/when + present simple >> will + infinitive.

if/when + present simple >> will + infinitive.

CONDITIONAL TYPE ONE (1)

EXAMPLES:

- ❖ *If I **To see** Dave, I **To tell** him to call you*
- ❖ *If it **To rain** tomorrow, I **To tak** an umbrella.*
- ❖ *I am sure if he **To have** time he **to help** you.*
- ❖ *She will **To be** fat if she **To eat** lot of foods.*
- ❖ *The Coach **To change** you, if you **Play (negative form)** well*

➔ BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- Liz; john SOARS, American Headway – the world’s most trusted English course; (student practice multi rom3), second edition; Oxford university press; 2010.
- Sally WEHMEIER, & all. Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary of Current English; 07th edition Oxford university press; New York. 2005.
- <https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/grammar/b1-b2-grammar/conditionals-zero-first-second>

THE END

Thanks for your attention!