## Unemployment

Nobody - including business professionals and those who want to be employed - enjoys talking about unemployment, or the state of being out of work for those who are fit to hold a job, but it's an important consideration of the financial industry. The unemployment rate, or the official percentage of work-eligible persons who aren't currently hired, is often used to gauge the health of an area's economy generally; broadly speaking, a high unemployment rate indicates a poorly performing economy, while a low unemployment rate indicates a solid economy.

With that said, an unemployment rate of zero percent, meaning that every single eligible individual in an area is employed, is entirely unrealistic, and will never be seen. Full employment refers to an unemployment rate wherein almost every eligible employee is working, and a rate wherein few additional individuals can be expected to work. The common reasons for these persons not working could include their coming into an abundance of wealth but temporarily deciding against retirement, and their choosing for personal reasons (such as caring for a family member) not to seek employment. Generally, an unemployment rate of just five percent or so is indicative of full employment. Accordingly, when the national or statewide unemployment rate is somewhere in the ballpark of fivepercent, it means that few individuals are unable to find work.

Did you understand the text? 1) What is unemployment? 2) What is the unemployment rate? a) The act of being fired from a job a) The official percentage of work-eligible persons who aren't b) The time employees spend away currently hired from the office b) A figure that's used to gauge the c) The state of being out of work for overall health of an economy those who are fit to hold a job c) The number of individuals who've d) The process of a company been hired in the past month downsizing its employee count d) 1 and 2 3) What is full employment? 4) What unemployment rate is generally indicative of full employment? a) The status of a company that has too many staff members a) 10% b) The condition of employees who're b) 50% satisfied with their work c) 5% c) An unemployment rate wherein d) rate has to be zero to call it full almost every eligible employee is employment working d) None of the above 5) Low unemployment rates typically indicate which of the following: a) A booming economy b) A poorly performing economy c) No economic shift d) Much lower-than-normal wages