

University of Jijel  
 Department of Physics  
 Functions of a complex variable

**TD session two**

**Exercise 1** : Express in the form  $x + iy$ ,  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$  the value of the given function

$$\sin(2 + i), \quad \cos i, \quad \tan(\pi - 2i).$$

**Exercise 2** : Let  $z, z_1, z_2$  be three complex numbers. Prove that

- 1)  $\sin(z + 2\pi) = \sin z, \quad \cos(z + 2\pi) = \cos z.$
- 2)  $\sin(z + \pi) = -\sin z, \quad \cos(z + \pi) = -\cos z, \quad \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - z\right) = \cos z.$
- 3)  $\sin(-z) = -\sin z, \quad \cos(-z) = \cos z, \quad \sin^2 z + \cos^2 z = 1.$
- 4)  $\sin(z_1 \pm z_2) = \sin z_1 \cos z_2 \pm \cos z_1 \sin z_2.$
- 5)  $\cos(z_1 \pm z_2) = \cos z_1 \cos z_2 \mp \sin z_1 \sin z_2.$
- 6)  $\sin(2z) = 2 \sin z \cos z, \quad \cos(2z) = \cos^2 z - \sin^2 z.$
- 7)  $\sin(z_1 + z_2) \sin(z_1 - z_2) = \cos^2 z_2 - \cos^2 z_1.$
- 8)  $\cos(z_1 + z_2) \sin(z_1 - z_2) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(2z_1) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2z_2).$
- 9)  $\sin z = 0 \Leftrightarrow z = k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}.$
- 10)  $\cos z = 0 \Leftrightarrow z = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}.$

**Exercise 3** :

- Prove that the complex secant and cosecant functions are periodic with period  $T = 2\pi.$
- Prove that the complex tangent and cotangent functions are periodic with period  $T = \pi.$

**Exercise 4** : Prove that for all  $z, z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{C}$ , we have

- 1)  $\cosh(iz) = \cos z, \quad \cos(iz) = \cosh z.$

- 2)  $\sinh(iz) = i \sin z, \sin(iz) = i \sinh z.$
- 3)  $\sinh(-z) = -\sinh z, \cosh(-z) = \cosh z.$
- 4)  $\cosh^2 z - \sinh^2 z = 1.$
- 5)  $\sinh(z_1 \pm z_2) = \sinh z_1 \cosh z_2 \pm \cosh z_1 \sinh z_2.$
- 6)  $\cosh(z_1 \pm z_2) = \cosh z_1 \cosh z_2 \pm \sinh z_1 \sinh z_2.$
- 7)  $\sinh(2z) = 2 \sinh z \cosh z, \cosh(2z) = \cosh^2 z + \sinh^2 z.$
- 8)  $\sinh z = 0 \Leftrightarrow z = k\pi i, k \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $\cosh z = 0 \Leftrightarrow z = \left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)\pi i, k \in \mathbb{Z}$

**Exercise 5 :**

- 1) Express  $\sin z$ , for all  $z = x + iy \in \mathbb{C}$ , in the form  $u(x, y) + iv(x, y), x, y \in \mathbb{R}.$
- 2) Express  $\cos z$ , for all  $z = x + iy \in \mathbb{C}$ , in the form  $u(x, y) + iv(x, y), x, y \in \mathbb{R}.$
- 3) Express  $\tan z$ , for all  $z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \left\{\frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}$ , in the form  $u(x, y) + iv(x, y), x, y \in \mathbb{R}.$

**Exercise 6 :** Prove that for all  $z = x + iy \in \mathbb{C}$ , we have

- 1)  $|\sin z|^2 = \sin^2 x + \sinh^2 y.$
- 2)  $|\cos z|^2 = \cos^2 x + \sinh^2 y.$
- 3)  $|\sinh z|^2 = \sinh^2 x + \sin^2 y.$
- 4)  $|\cosh z|^2 = \sinh^2 x + \cos^2 y.$

**Exercise 7 :** Let  $z, z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{C}^*.$  Prove that

- 1) If  $z = re^{i\theta},$  then  $\log z = \ln r + i\theta.$
- 2)  $\log e^z = z + 2k\pi i, k \in \mathbb{Z}.$
- 3)  $\log z_1 z_2 = \log z_1 + \log z_2.$
- 4)  $\log \frac{z_1}{z_2} = \log z_1 - \log z_2.$

**Exercise 8 :** Prove that

- 1)  $\arcsin z = \frac{1}{i} \log \left( iz + (1 - z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right).$
- 2)  $\arccos z = \frac{1}{i} \log \left( z + (z^2 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right).$
- 3)  $\arctan z = \frac{1}{2i} \log \left( \frac{i-z}{i+z} \right).$

4)  $\operatorname{arccot} z = \frac{1}{2i} \log \left( \frac{z+i}{z-i} \right).$

5)  $\arctan z + \operatorname{arccot} z = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}.$

6)  $\operatorname{Arctan} z + \operatorname{Arccot} z = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2}, & \operatorname{Re} z \geq 0 \\ -\frac{\pi}{2}, & \operatorname{Re} z < 0. \end{cases}$

**Exercise 9 :**

- 1) Find all values of  $(i)^{-2i}$ .
- 2) Determine the principal value of  $(-i)^i$ .
- 3) Determine  $\arcsin(-i)$ .

**Exercise 10 :** Prove that

- 1)  $\operatorname{arcsinh} z = \log \left( z + (1 + z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right).$
- 2)  $\operatorname{arccosh} z = \log \left( z + (z^2 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right).$