

Describing People

We can describe people based on their appearance, personality, and feelings.

A. Appearance (How they look)

1. Physical Build:

- Slim / Thin / Slender: (Positive/Negative) Having a thin build.
 - Example: The slender dancer moved gracefully across the stage.
- Muscular / Athletic / Well-built: (Positive) Having prominent muscles.
 - Example: The athletic swimmer had broad shoulders.
- Stocky / Stout: (Neutral) Broad and solidly built.
 - Example: The rugby player had a stocky, powerful frame.
- Petite: (Positive) Used for a woman who is small and thin.
 - Example: She was a petite woman with a surprisingly strong voice.

2. Height:

- Tall / Lofty: (Neutral/Positive)
 - Example: The tall man had to duck to get through the door.
- Short / Petite: (Neutral/Positive)
 - Example: My little brother is still quite short for his age.

3. General Appearance:

- Beautiful / Gorgeous / Handsome / Attractive: (Positive)
 - Example: She looked beautiful in her wedding dress.
- Plain / Ordinary: (Neutral/Negative)
 - Example: He had an ordinary face, but a wonderful smile.
- Elegant / Stylish: (Positive) Dressing and carrying oneself well.
 - Example: The CEO was an elegant woman in a sharp business suit.

B. Personality & Character (How they behave)

1. Positive Traits:

- Outgoing / Extroverted: Sociable and lively.
 - Example: Her outgoing personality made her the life of the party.
- Kind / Compassionate: Caring about others.
 - Example: The nurse was incredibly compassionate with her patients.
- Ambitious / Driven: Having a strong desire to succeed.
 - Example: He was so ambitious that he started his own company at 25.
- Witty / Humorous: Funny and clever.
 - Example: Her witty remarks kept everyone entertained.
- Reliable / Dependable: Can be trusted.
 - Example: If Sarah says she'll do it, she will. She's very reliable.

2. Negative Traits:

- Selfish / Self-centered: Cares only about themselves.
 - Example: It was selfish of him to take the last piece of cake.

- Pessimistic / Cynical: Always expecting the worst.
 - Example: His pessimistic outlook brought down the mood of the whole team.
- Stubborn / Obstinate: Unwilling to change their opinion.
 - Example: My grandfather is too stubborn to ask for directions.
- Vain / Conceited: Too proud of their appearance or abilities.
 - Example: The actor was so vain that he had mirrors on every wall.

C. Feelings & Emotions (How they feel at a moment)

- Ecstatic / Thrilled: (Very happy)
 - Example: She was ecstatic when she won the lottery.
- Anxious / Nervous: (Worried)
 - Example: He felt anxious before his big job interview.
- Furious / Livid: (Very angry)
 - Example: The teacher was furious when the students cheated on the test.
- Exhausted / Drained: (Very tired)
 - Example: After the marathon, she was completely exhausted.